

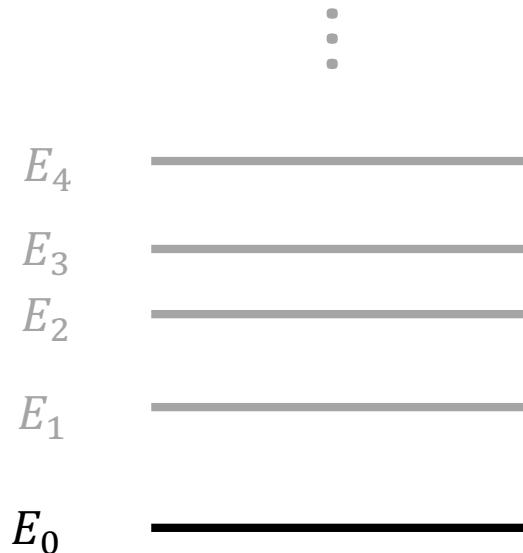
Density-driven correlations in many-electron ensembles

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DFT for excited states: From the ground-state to the ensemble picture

$$E_0 = \min_n \left\{ T_s[n] + E_{\text{Hxc}}[n] + \int d\mathbf{r} v_{\text{ext}}(\mathbf{r}) n(\mathbf{r}) \right\}$$



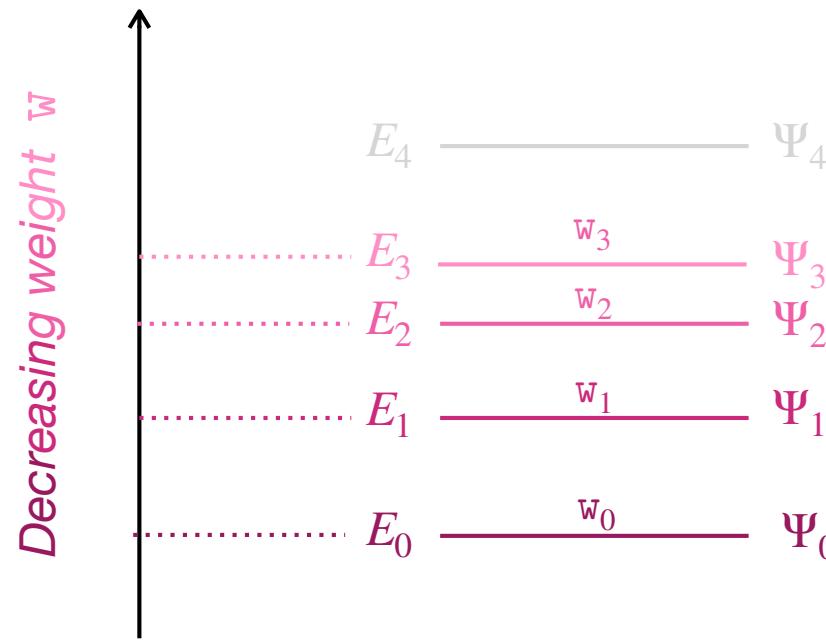
Kohn-Sham equations for a ***pure ground state***:

$$\left[-\frac{\nabla^2}{2} + v_{\text{ext}}(\mathbf{r}) + \frac{\delta E_{\text{Hxc}}[n]}{\delta n(\mathbf{r})} \Big|_{n=n_0} \right] \varphi_i(\mathbf{r}) = \varepsilon_i \varphi_i(\mathbf{r})$$



$$n_0(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_{i=1}^N |\varphi_i(\mathbf{r})|^2$$

DFT for (canonical) ensembles



Gross-Oliveira-Kohn (GOK) DFT:

The ensemble energy $E^w := \sum_{I \geq 0} w_I E_I$ is a functional of the ensemble density $n^w(\mathbf{r}) := \sum_{I \geq 0} w_I n_{\Psi_I}(\mathbf{r})$.

A. K. Theophilou, J. Phys. C: Solid State Phys. **12**, 5419 (1979).

E. K. U. Gross, L. N. Oliveira, and W. Kohn, Phys. Rev. A **37**, 2805 (1988).

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DFT for excited states: From the ground-state to the ensemble picture

$$E^{\mathbf{w}} := \sum_{I \geq 0} w_I E_I = \min_n \left\{ T_s^{\mathbf{w}}[n] + E_{\text{Hxc}}^{\mathbf{w}}[n] + \int d\mathbf{r} v_{\text{ext}}(\mathbf{r}) n(\mathbf{r}) \right\}$$

Ensemble energy

Ensemble Hxc functional

$\Rightarrow \mathbf{w} \equiv (w_1, w_2, \dots)$

$E_{\text{Hxc}}^{\mathbf{w}}[n]$

Ensemble weights

- A. K. Theophilou, *J. Phys. C: Solid State Phys.* **12**, 5419 (1979).
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Ensemble energy



Kohn-Sham equations for ***an ensemble***:

$$\left[-\frac{\nabla^2}{2} + v_{\text{ext}}(\mathbf{r}) + \frac{\delta E_{\text{Hxc}}^{\mathbf{w}}[n]}{\delta n(\mathbf{r})} \Bigg|_{n=n^{\mathbf{w}}} \right] \varphi_i(\mathbf{r}) = \varepsilon_i \varphi_i(\mathbf{r})$$



Ensemble density

$$n^{\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_{I \geq 0} w_I \sum_{i \in \Phi_I^{\mathbf{w}}} |\varphi_i(\mathbf{r})|^2$$

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DFT for excited states: From the ground-state to the ensemble picture

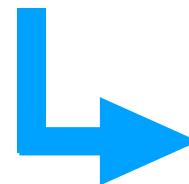
$$E^{\mathbf{w}} := \sum_{I \geq 0} \mathbf{w}_I E_I = \min_n \left\{ T_s^{\mathbf{w}}[n] + E_{\text{Hxc}}^{\mathbf{w}}[n] + \int d\mathbf{r} v_{\text{ext}}(\mathbf{r}) n(\mathbf{r}) \right\}$$

Ensemble energy



Kohn-Sham equations for ***an ensemble***:

$$\left[-\frac{\nabla^2}{2} + v_{\text{ext}}(\mathbf{r}) + \frac{\delta E_{\text{Hxc}}^{\mathbf{w}}[n]}{\delta n(\mathbf{r})} \Bigg|_{n=n^{\mathbf{w}}} \right] \varphi_i(\mathbf{r}) = \varepsilon_i \varphi_i(\mathbf{r})$$



$$E_J - E_0 = \frac{\partial E^{\mathbf{w}}}{\partial \mathbf{w}_J}$$

Excitation energy

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Approximations to the ensemble correlation energy



*Recycling **standard** density-functional approximations ...*

$$E_c^w[n^w] \approx \sum_{I \geq 0} w_I E_c[n_{\Phi_I^w}]$$



Ground-state correlation functional

Approximations to the ensemble correlation energy



*Recycling **standard** density-functional approximations ...*

$$E_c^w[n^w] \approx \sum_{I \geq 0} w_I E_c[n_{\Phi_I^w}]$$



Ground-state correlation functional

$$E_c[n] = \langle \Psi[n] | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{ee} | \Psi[n] \rangle - \langle \Phi^{KS}[n] | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{ee} | \Phi^{KS}[n] \rangle$$

Approximations to the ensemble correlation energy



Recycling **standard** density-functional approximations ...

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Ground-state correlation functional

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Same density!



Approximations to the ensemble correlation energy



*Recycling **standard** density-functional approximations ...*

$$E_c^{\mathbf{w}} [n^{\mathbf{w}}] \approx \sum_{I \geq 0} w_I E_c[n_{\Phi_I^{\mathbf{w}}}]$$



*Designing density-functional **approximations for ensembles** ...*

$$E_c^{\mathbf{w}} [n^{\mathbf{w}}] \approx \sum_{I \geq 0} w_I E_{c,I}^{\text{LDA}} [n^{\mathbf{w}}]$$

More recent strategy^{1,2}

¹P.-F. Loos and E. Fromager, *J. Chem. Phys.* **152**, 214101 (2020).

²C. Marut, B. Senjean, E. Fromager, and P.-F. Loos, *Faraday Discussions*, 2020, DOI: 10.1039/D0FD00059K.

Approximations to the ensemble correlation energy



Recycling **standard** density-functional **approximations** ...

$$E_c^w [n^w] \approx \sum_{I \geq 0} w_I E_c[n_{\Phi_I^w}]$$



Designing density-functional **approximations for ensembles** ...

$$E_c^w [n^w] \approx \sum_{I \geq 0} w_I E_{c,I}^{\text{LDA}} [n^w]$$



Extracted from **uniform electron gas models**

$$E_{c,I}^{\text{LDA}} [n] \equiv \langle \Psi_I(n) | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{ee} | \Psi_I(n) \rangle - \langle \Phi_I(n) | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{ee} | \Phi_I(n) \rangle$$

Same density!

Exact correlation energy of an ensemble

$$E_c^{\text{W}} [n^{\text{W}}] = \sum_{I \geq 0} w_I \mathcal{E}_{c,I}^{\text{W}} [n^{\text{W}}]$$



Individual components

$$\mathcal{E}_{c,I}^{\text{W}} [n^{\text{W}}] := \langle \Psi_I | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{\text{ee}} | \Psi_I \rangle - \langle \Phi_I^{\text{W}} | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{\text{ee}} | \Phi_I^{\text{W}} \rangle$$



KS determinant (within the ensemble)

Exact correlation energy of an ensemble

$$E_c^{\text{w}} [n^{\text{w}}] = \sum_{I \geq 0} w_I \mathcal{E}_{c,I}^{\text{w}} [n^{\text{w}}]$$



Individual components

$$\mathcal{E}_{c,I}^{\text{w}} [n^{\text{w}}] := \langle \Psi_I | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{\text{ee}} | \Psi_I \rangle - \langle \Phi_I^{\text{w}} | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{\text{ee}} | \Phi_I^{\text{w}} \rangle$$



KS determinant (within the ensemble)

Ensemble density constraint

$$\sum_{I \geq 0} w_I n_{\Psi_I}(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_{I \geq 0} w_I n_{\Phi_I^{\text{w}}}(\mathbf{r}) \quad \cancel{\Rightarrow} \quad n_{\Psi_I}(\mathbf{r}) = n_{\Phi_I^{\text{w}}}(\mathbf{r}) \quad \text{WRONG!}$$

Exact correlation energy of an ensemble

$$E_c^W[n^W] = \sum_{I \geq 0} w_I \mathcal{E}_{c,I}^W[n^W]$$



Individual components

$$\mathcal{E}_{c,I}^W[n^W] := \langle \Psi_I | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{ee} | \Psi_I \rangle - \langle \Phi_I^W | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{ee} | \Phi_I^W \rangle$$



Different densities!

Exact correlation energy of an ensemble

$$\sum_{I \geq 0} w_I \mathcal{E}_{c,I}^{\mathbf{w}} [n^{\mathbf{w}}] = E_c^{\mathbf{w}} [n^{\mathbf{w}}]$$

Gould-Pittalis decomposition

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{E}_{c,I}^{\mathbf{w}} [n^{\mathbf{w}}] &:= \langle \Psi_I | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{ee} | \Psi_I \rangle - \langle \overline{\Phi}_I^{\mathbf{w}} | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{ee} | \overline{\Phi}_I^{\mathbf{w}} \rangle \\ &\quad - \left[\langle \Phi_I^{\mathbf{w}} | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{ee} | \Phi_I^{\mathbf{w}} \rangle - \langle \overline{\Phi}_I^{\mathbf{w}} | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{ee} | \overline{\Phi}_I^{\mathbf{w}} \rangle \right] \end{aligned}$$

Same density!

state-driven (SD) correlation

Different densities!

density-driven (DD) correlation

Exact correlation energy of an ensemble

$$\sum_{I \geq 0} w_I \mathcal{E}_{c,I}^{\mathbf{w}} [n^{\mathbf{w}}] = E_c^{\mathbf{w}} [n^{\mathbf{w}}]$$



*non-uniqueness,
v-representability issues*



$$\mathcal{E}_{c,I}^{\mathbf{w}} [n^{\mathbf{w}}] := \langle \Psi_I | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{ee} | \Psi_I \rangle - \langle \overline{\Phi}_I^{\mathbf{w}} | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{ee} | \overline{\Phi}_I^{\mathbf{w}} \rangle$$

$$- \left[\langle \Phi_I^{\mathbf{w}} | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{ee} | \Phi_I^{\mathbf{w}} \rangle - \langle \overline{\Phi}_I^{\mathbf{w}} | \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{ee} | \overline{\Phi}_I^{\mathbf{w}} \rangle \right]$$

Density-driven correlation without additional KS systems

Alternative evaluation of the **exact** ensemble correlation energy:

$$E_c^{\text{W}} [n^{\text{W}}] = \sum_{J \geq 0} w_J E_{c,J}^{\text{W}} [n^{\text{W}}]$$


True individual correlation energy

Density-driven correlation without additional KS systems

Alternative evaluation of the **exact** ensemble correlation energy:

$$E_c^W[n^W] = \sum_{J \geq 0} w_J E_{c,J}^W[n^W] = \sum_{J \geq 0} w_J \mathcal{E}_{c,J}^W[n^W]$$

Individual component

True individual correlation energy

Density-driven correlation without additional KS systems

Alternative evaluation of the **exact** ensemble correlation energy:

Individual component

$$E_c^W[n^W] = \sum_{J \geq 0} w_J E_{c,J}^W[n^W] = \sum_{J \geq 0} w_J \mathcal{E}_{c,J}^W[n^W]$$

WRONG!

True individual correlation energy

$\Rightarrow \times$

$E_{c,J}^W[n^W] = \mathcal{E}_{c,J}^W[n^W]$

because $n_{\Psi_J}(\mathbf{r}) \neq n_{\Phi_J^W}(\mathbf{r}) \dots$

Density-driven correlation without additional KS systems

Alternative evaluation of the **exact** ensemble correlation energy:

$$E_c^{\mathbf{w}}[n^{\mathbf{w}}] = \sum_{J \geq 0} w_J E_{c,J}[n^{\mathbf{w}}] = \sum_{J \geq 0} w_J \mathcal{E}_{c,J}[n^{\mathbf{w}}]$$

Linearity of the ensemble energy

$$\downarrow \quad E_J = E_0 + (E_J - E_0) = E^{\mathbf{w}} - \sum_{I>0} w_I \frac{\partial E^{\mathbf{w}}}{\partial w_I} + \left(\frac{\partial E^{\mathbf{w}}}{\partial w_J} \right)$$

$$E_{c,J}[n^{\mathbf{w}}] = \mathcal{E}_{c,J}[n^{\mathbf{w}}] + \sum_{K \geq 0} w_K \sum_{I>0} (\delta_{IJ} - w_I) \frac{\partial (\mathcal{E}_{c,K}[n^{\mathbf{w}}])}{\partial w_I} + \dots$$



*Summation over
all the states*

Density-driven correlation without additional KS systems

Alternative evaluation of the **exact** ensemble correlation energy:

$$E_c^{\text{W}}[n^{\text{W}}] = \sum_{J \geq 0} w_J E_{c,J}[n^{\text{W}}] = \sum_{J \geq 0} w_J \mathcal{E}_{c,J}[n^{\text{W}}]$$

State-driven correlation!

State J : $E_{c,J}[n^{\text{W}}] = \mathcal{E}_{c,J}[n^{\text{W}}] + \sum_{K \geq 0} w_K \sum_{I > 0} (\delta_{IJ} - w_I) \frac{\partial (\mathcal{E}_{c,K}[n^{\text{W}}])}{\partial w_I} + \dots$

$K = J$

Density-driven correlation without additional KS systems

Alternative evaluation of the **exact** ensemble correlation energy:

$$E_c^{\text{W}}[n^{\text{W}}] = \sum_{J \geq 0} w_J E_{c,J}[n^{\text{W}}] = \sum_{J \geq 0} w_J \mathcal{E}_{c,J}[n^{\text{W}}]$$

Density-driven correlation!

State J : $E_{c,J}[n^{\text{W}}] = \mathcal{E}_{c,J}[n^{\text{W}}] + \sum_{K \geq 0} w_K \sum_{I > 0} (\delta_{IJ} - w_I) \frac{\partial (\mathcal{E}_{c,K}[n^{\text{W}}])}{\partial w_I} + \dots$

Density-driven correlation without additional KS systems

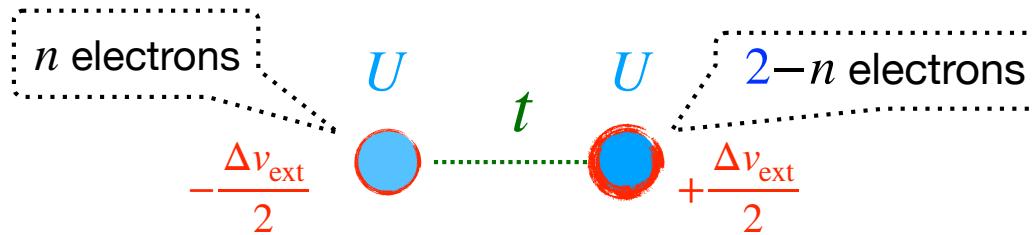
Ensemble density-driven (DD) correlation energy expression:

$$E_c^{\mathbf{w},\text{DD}} [n^{\mathbf{w}}] = 2 \sum_{J \geq 0} w_J^2 \sum_{I > 0} (\delta_{IJ} - w_I) \left\langle \Phi_J^{\text{KS},\mathbf{w}} \left| \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{\text{ee}} \right| \frac{\partial \Phi_J^{\text{KS},\mathbf{w}}}{\partial w_I} \right\rangle$$



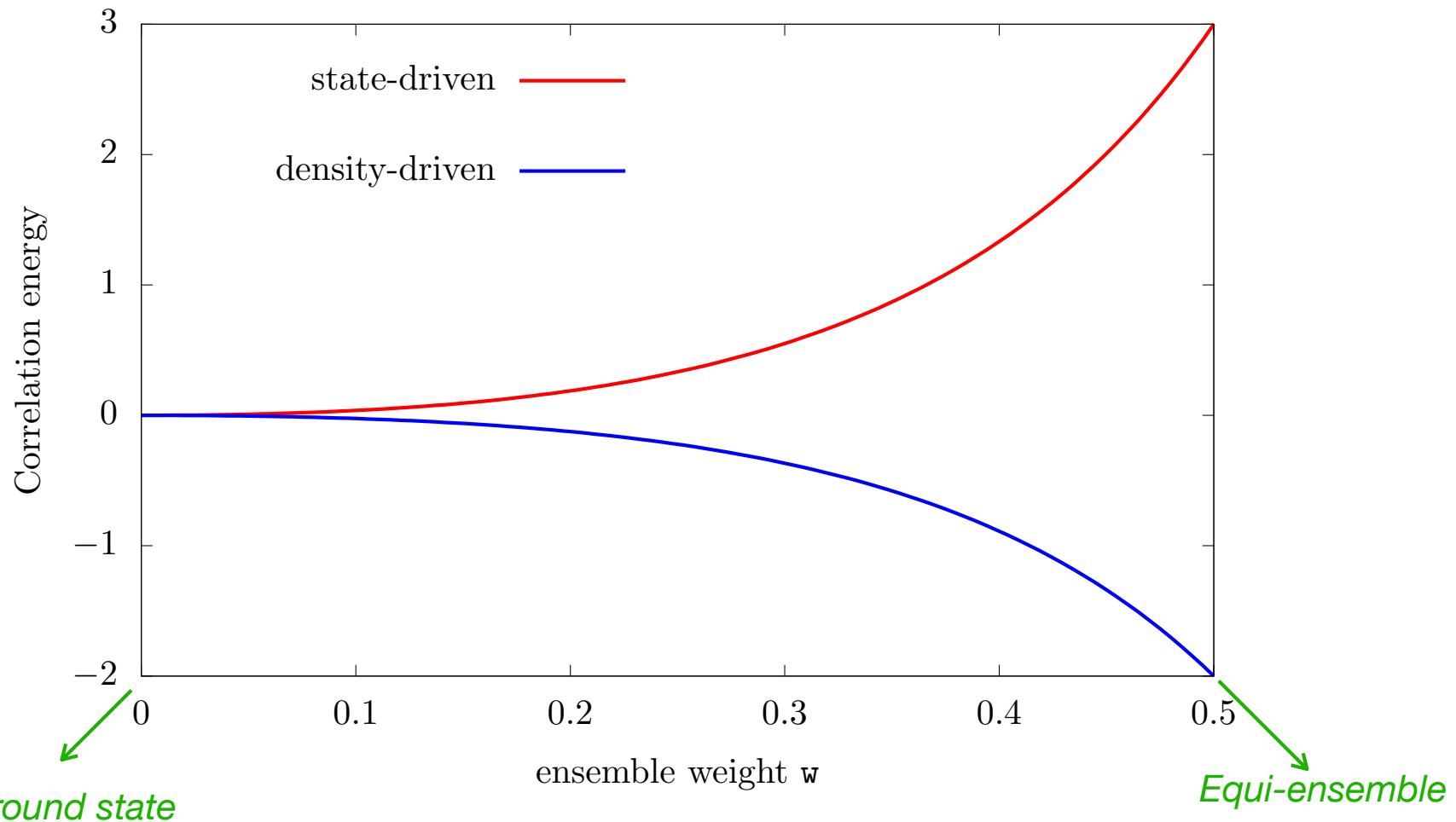
Static linear response

Application to the Hubbard dimer: the bi-ensemble case

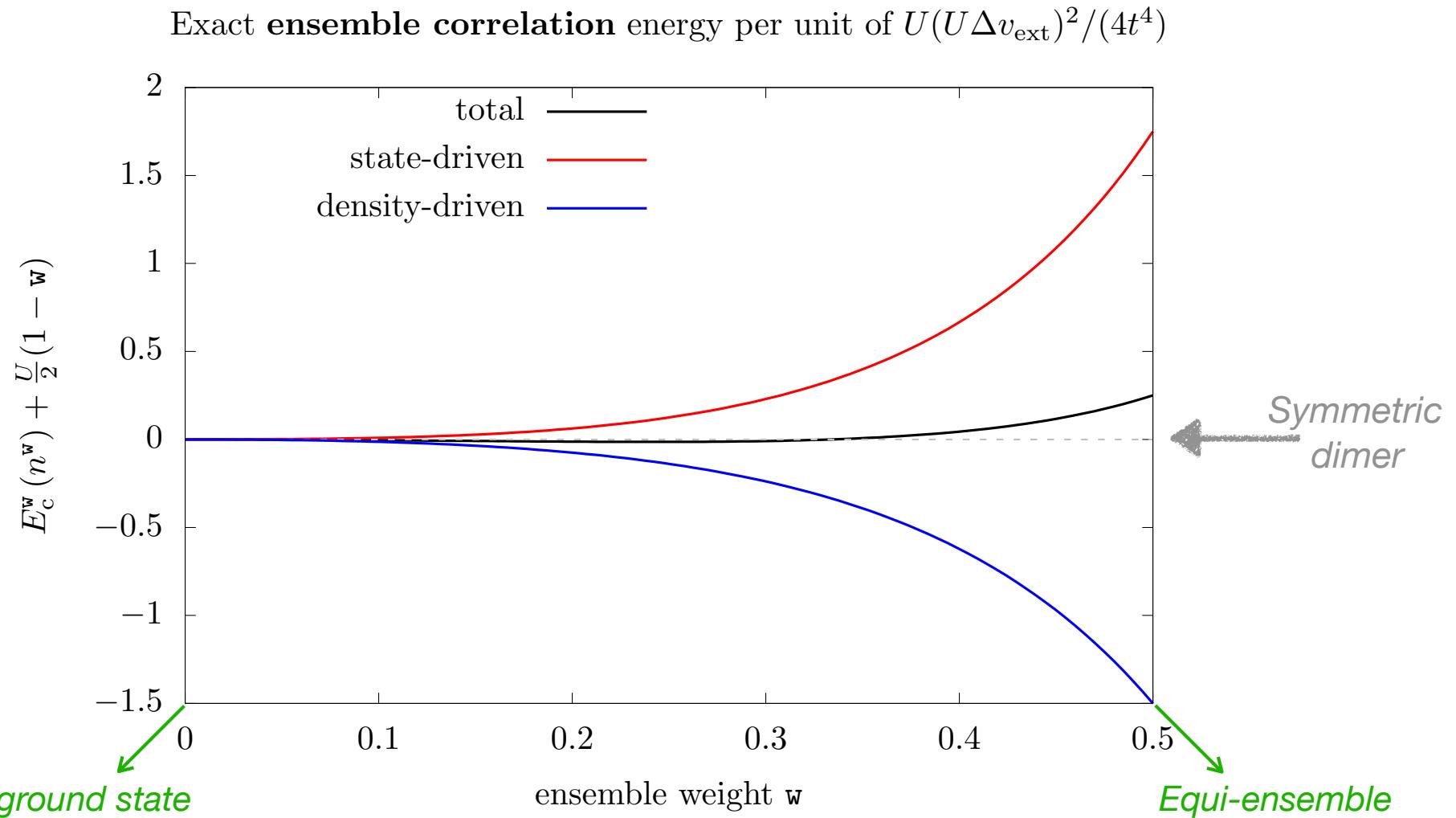
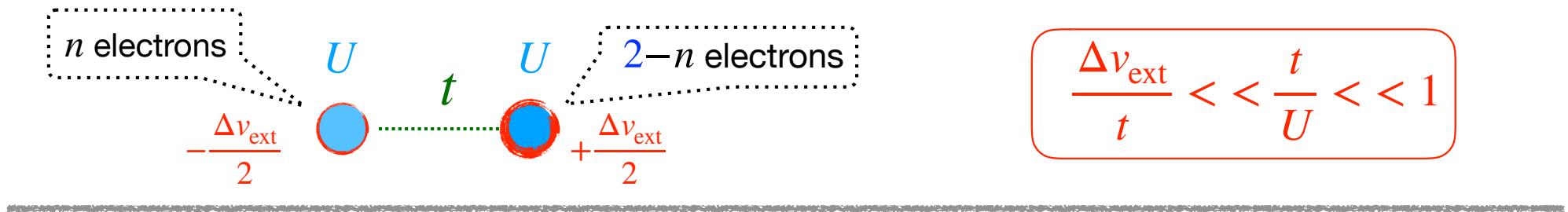


$$\frac{\Delta v_{\text{ext}}}{t} \ll \frac{t}{U} \ll 1$$

First (singlet) **excited-state** correlation energy per unit of $U(U\Delta v_{\text{ext}})^2/(4t^4)$



Application to the Hubbard dimer: the bi-ensemble case



Conclusions and perspectives

- Many-electron ensembles exhibit *density-driven (DD) correlations*.
- DD correlations do *not* exist in *standard* ground-state *DFT*.
- A *general* DD correlation energy *expression* has been derived¹:

$$E_c^{\mathbf{w},\text{DD}} [n^{\mathbf{w}}] = 2 \sum_{J \geq 0} w_J^2 \sum_{I > 0} (\delta_{IJ} - w_I) \left\langle \Phi_J^{\text{KS},\mathbf{w}} \left| \hat{T} + \hat{W}_{\text{ee}} \right| \frac{\partial \Phi_J^{\text{KS},\mathbf{w}}}{\partial w_I} \right\rangle$$

- DD correlations were shown to be *significant* (in model systems).
- Our formalism applies also to ensembles with *charged excitations*^{2,3,4} (work in progress).

¹E. Fromager, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **124**, 243001 (2020).

²B. Senjean and E. Fromager, *Phys. Rev. A* **98**, 022513 (2018).

³B. Senjean and E. Fromager, *Int. J. Quantum Chem.* 2020; 120:e26190.

⁴M. J. P. Hodgson, J. Wetherell, and E. Fromager, *arXiv:2010.05642* (2020).

N-centered grand canonical ensembles

density:

$$n^N(\mathbf{r}) = (1-\alpha)n^N(\mathbf{r}) + \alpha n^{N-1}(\mathbf{r})$$

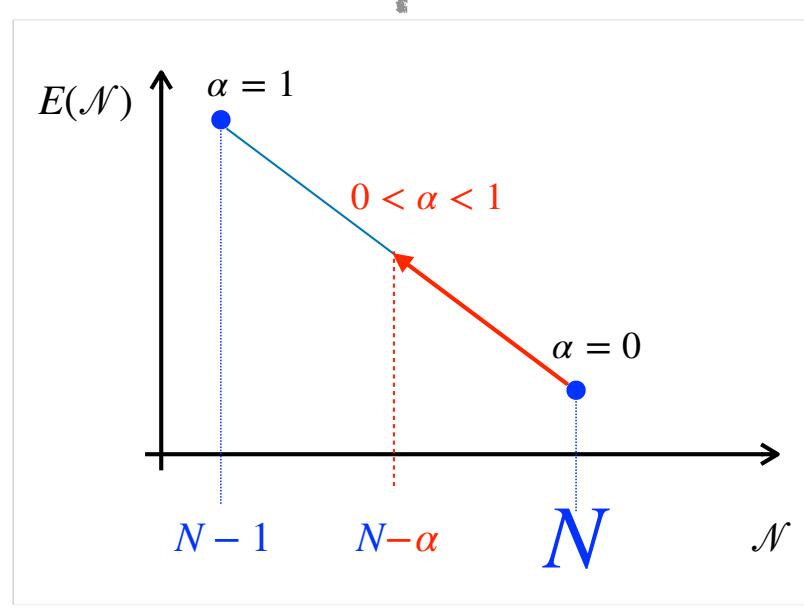
Look at me!

electron number:

$$\mathcal{N} = N - \alpha$$

energy:

$$E(\mathcal{N}) = (1-\alpha)E^N + \alpha E^{N-1}$$



Conventional picture

density:

$$n^{\{N,\alpha\}}(\mathbf{r}) = (1-\alpha)n^N(\mathbf{r}) + \frac{N\alpha}{N-1}n^{N-1}(\mathbf{r})$$

Look at me!

electron number:

$$N$$

energy:

$$\mathcal{E}^{\{N,\alpha\}} = (1-\alpha)E^N + \frac{N\alpha}{N-1}E^{N-1}$$

$$\left[\left(1 - \frac{\alpha}{N} \right) - \frac{\alpha(1-\alpha)}{N} \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha} \right]$$

N-centered picture

$$E_J = \langle \Phi_J^{\text{KS},\textcolor{red}{w}} | \hat{H} | \Phi_J^{\text{KS},\textcolor{red}{w}} \rangle + \textcolor{blue}{E}_{\text{c},\textcolor{red}{J}}^{\textcolor{red}{w}}[n^{\textcolor{red}{w}}]$$

$$\textcolor{blue}{E}_{\text{c},\textcolor{red}{J}}^{\textcolor{red}{w}}[n^{\textcolor{red}{w}}] = \mathcal{E}_{\text{c},\textcolor{red}{J}}^{\textcolor{red}{w}}[n^{\textcolor{red}{w}}] + \sum_{K \geq 0} \textcolor{brown}{w}_K \sum_{I > 0} (\delta_{I\textcolor{red}{J}} - \textcolor{brown}{w}_I) \frac{\partial \left(\mathcal{E}_{\text{c},K}^{\textcolor{red}{w}}[n^{\textcolor{red}{w}}] \right)}{\partial \textcolor{brown}{w}_I} + \sum_{K \geq 0} \textcolor{brown}{w}_K \int d\mathbf{r} \frac{\delta \mathcal{E}_{\text{c},K}^{\textcolor{red}{w}}[n^{\textcolor{red}{w}}]}{\delta n(\mathbf{r})} \left(n_{\Phi_J^{\text{KS},\textcolor{red}{w}}}(\mathbf{r}) - n_{\Psi_{\textcolor{red}{J}}}(\mathbf{r}) \right)$$

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Ensemble energy

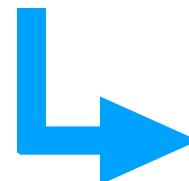


Kohn-Sham equations for ***an ensemble***

$$n^{\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_{I \geq 0} w_I \sum_{i \in \Phi_I^{\mathbf{w}}} |\varphi_i(\mathbf{r})|^2$$

Ensemble density

$$\left[-\frac{\nabla^2}{2} + v_{\text{ext}}(\mathbf{r}) + \frac{\delta E_{\text{Hxc}}^{\mathbf{w}}[n]}{\delta n(\mathbf{r})} \Bigg|_{n=n^{\mathbf{w}}} \right] \varphi_i(\mathbf{r}) = \varepsilon_i \varphi_i(\mathbf{r})$$



$$E_J - E_0 = \frac{\partial E^{\mathbf{w}}}{\partial w_J}$$

Excitation energy

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 L. N. Oliveira, E. K. U. Gross, and W. Kohn, *Phys. Rev. A* **37**, 2821 (1988).
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