

## *Introduction to density matrix embedding theory*

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## Local and non-local one-electron bases

(One-electron reduced)  
density matrix

$$\gamma(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}') = \langle \hat{\Psi}^\dagger(\mathbf{x}) \hat{\Psi}(\mathbf{x}') \rangle = \sum_{kk'} \varphi_k^*(\mathbf{x}) \varphi_{k'}(\mathbf{x}') \underbrace{\langle \hat{a}_k^\dagger \hat{a}_{k'} \rangle}_{\gamma_{kk'}}$$

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*single determinant*

$$\equiv \sum_k^{\text{occ.}} \varphi_k^*(\mathbf{x}) \varphi_k(\mathbf{x}')$$

$$\{\gamma_{kk'}\} \equiv \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \begin{array}{cccc} 1 & & & 0 \\ & 1 & & \\ & & \dots & \\ 0 & & & 1 & & \\ & & & & \dots & 0 \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

# Local and non-local one-electron bases

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$$\gamma(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}') = \langle \hat{\Psi}^\dagger(\mathbf{x}) \hat{\Psi}(\mathbf{x}') \rangle = \sum_{kk'} \varphi_k^*(\mathbf{x}) \varphi_{k'}(\mathbf{x}') \underbrace{\langle \hat{a}_k^\dagger \hat{a}_{k'} \rangle}_{\gamma_{kk'}}$$

Representation  
in real space:  
**Local basis**

“Molecular orbital”  
representation:  
**Non-local basis**

single determinant  
=

$$\sum_k^{\text{occ.}} \varphi_k^*(\mathbf{x}) \varphi_k(\mathbf{x}')$$

## Local and non-local one-electron bases

(One-electron reduced)  
density matrix

$$\gamma(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}') = \langle \hat{\Psi}^\dagger(\mathbf{x}) \hat{\Psi}(\mathbf{x}') \rangle = \sum_{kk'} \varphi_k^*(\mathbf{x}) \varphi_{k'}(\mathbf{x}') \underbrace{\langle \hat{a}_k^\dagger \hat{a}_{k'} \rangle}_{\gamma_{kk'}}$$

*single determinant*

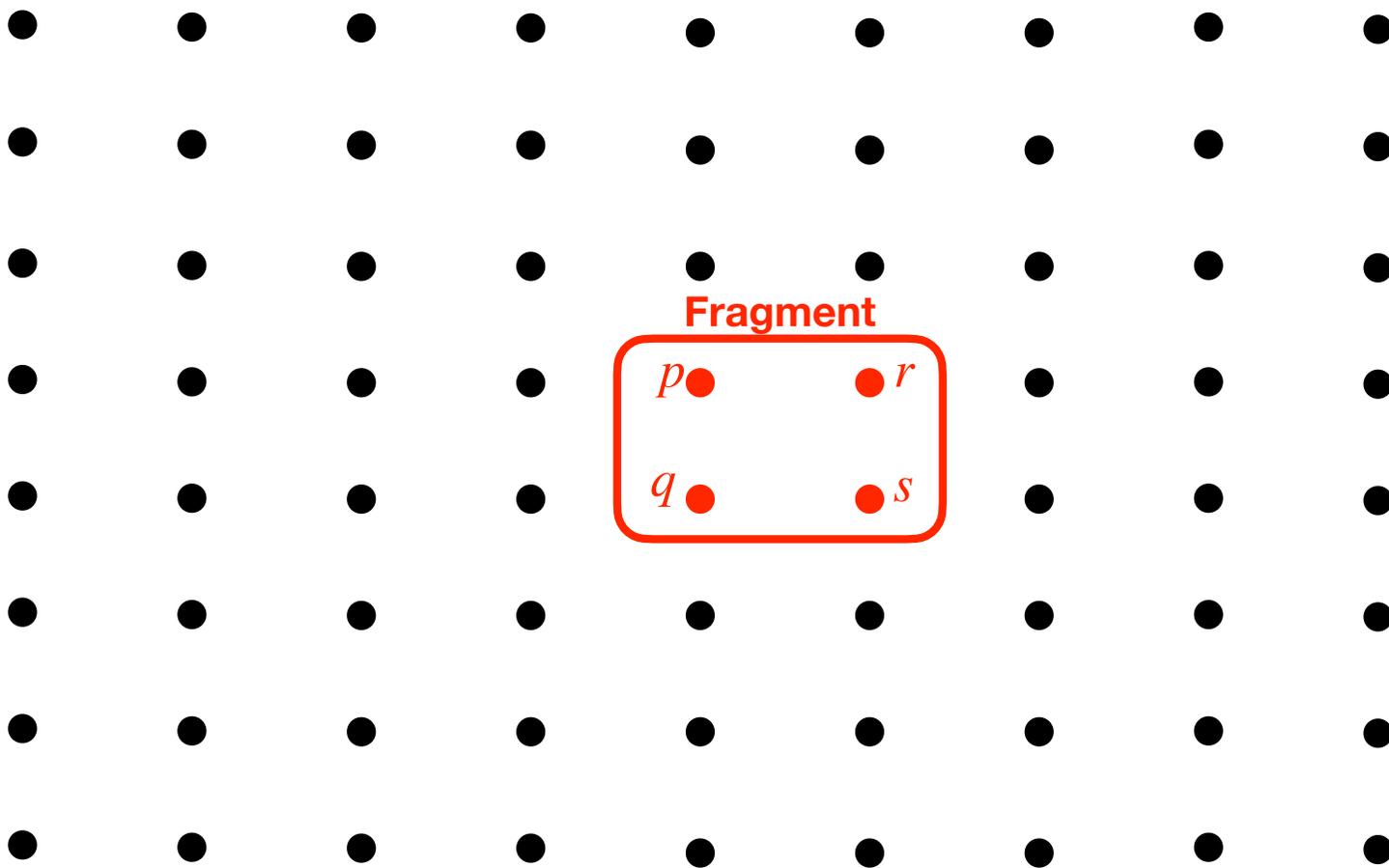
$$\equiv \sum_k^{\text{occ.}} \varphi_k^*(\mathbf{x}) \varphi_k(\mathbf{x}')$$

$$\{\gamma_{kk'}\} \equiv \begin{bmatrix} 1 & & & & 0 \\ & 1 & & & \\ & & \dots & & \\ & & & 1 & \\ 0 & & & & \dots & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \{\gamma_{kk'}\}^2 \quad \text{Idempotency!}$$

# Local evaluation of the energy (in a *localised* spin-orbital basis)

So-called “lattice representation”

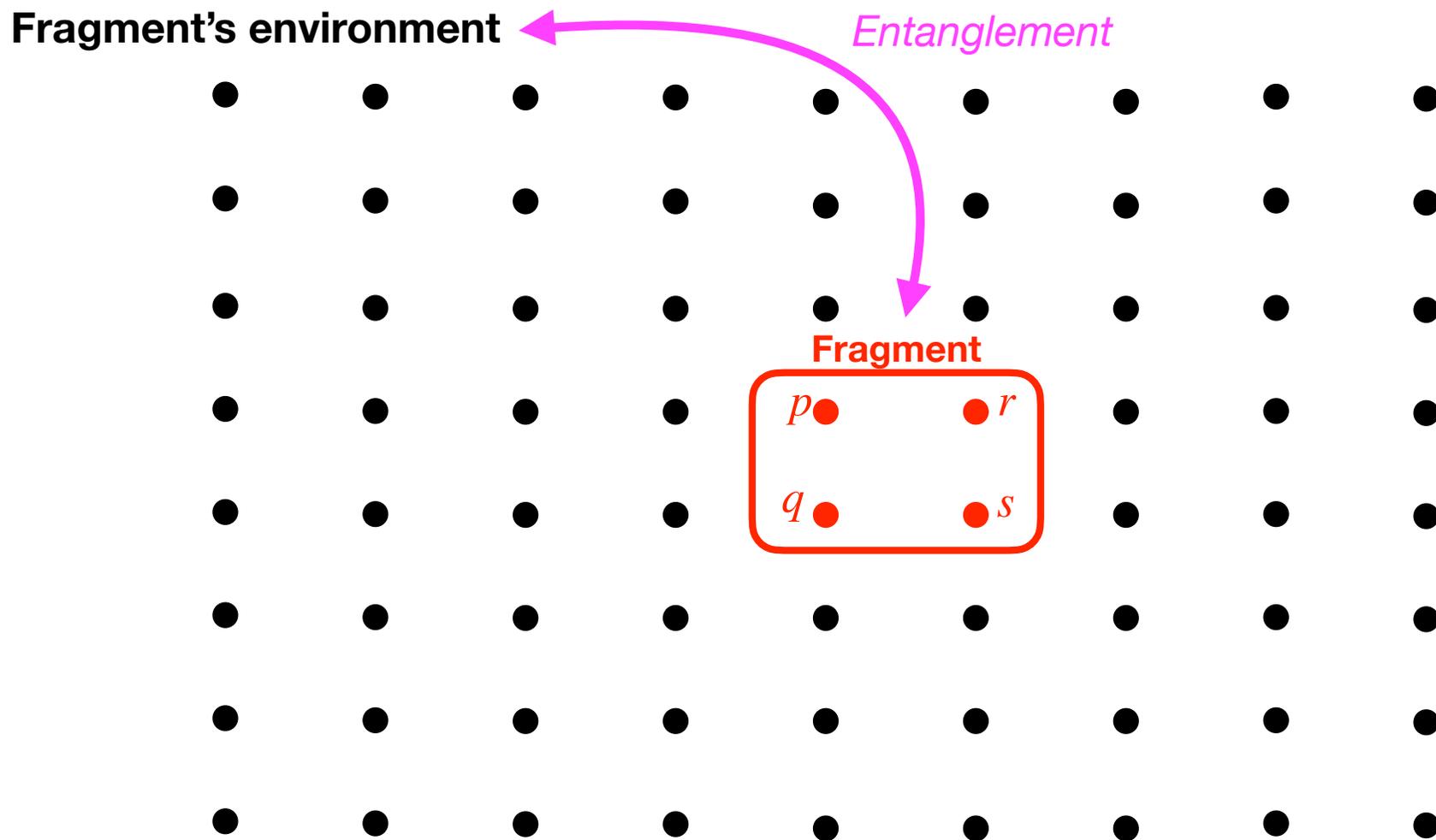
$$\langle \hat{H} \rangle = \sum_{pq} h_{pq} \underbrace{\langle \hat{c}_p^\dagger \hat{c}_q \rangle}_{\text{One-electron density matrix}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq | rs \rangle \underbrace{\langle \hat{c}_p^\dagger \hat{c}_q^\dagger \hat{c}_s \hat{c}_r \rangle}_{\text{Two-electron density matrix}}$$



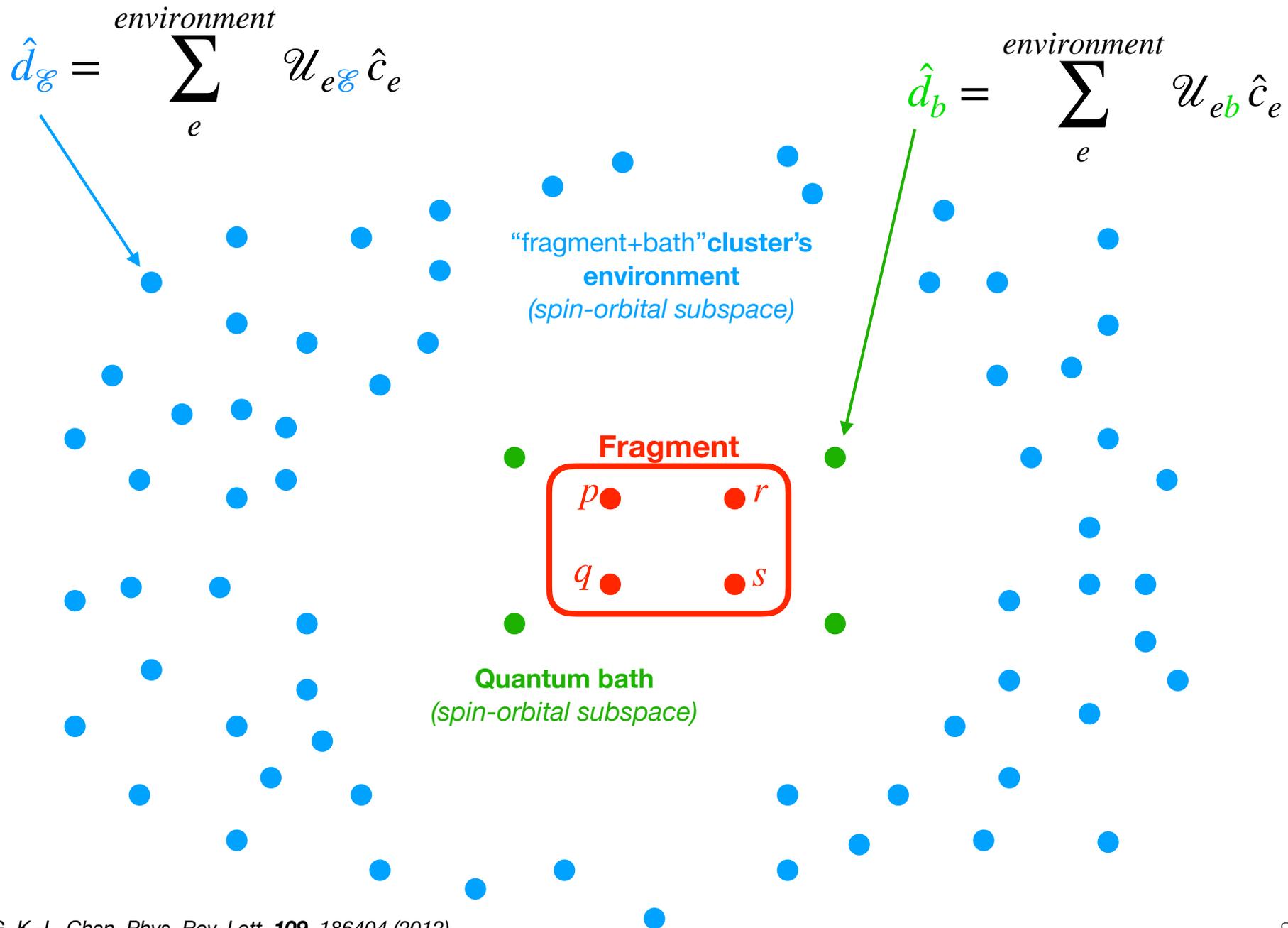
# Local evaluation of the energy (in a *localised* spin-orbital basis)

So-called “lattice representation”

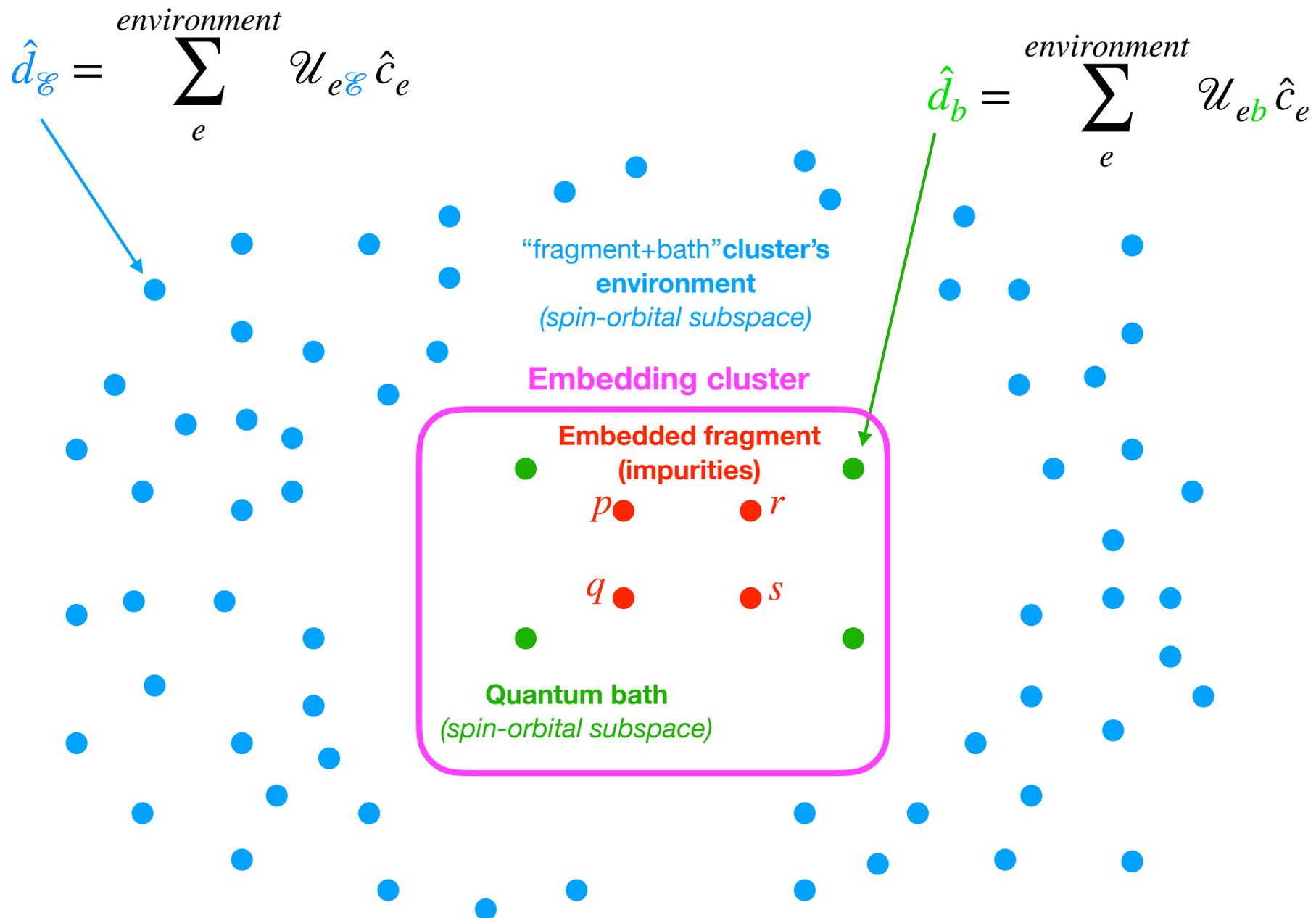
$$\langle \hat{H} \rangle = \sum_{pq} h_{pq} \langle \hat{c}_p^\dagger \hat{c}_q \rangle + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq | rs \rangle \langle \hat{c}_p^\dagger \hat{c}_q^\dagger \hat{c}_s \hat{c}_r \rangle$$



# Clusterization through a unitary one-electron transformation



# Clusterization through a unitary one-electron transformation



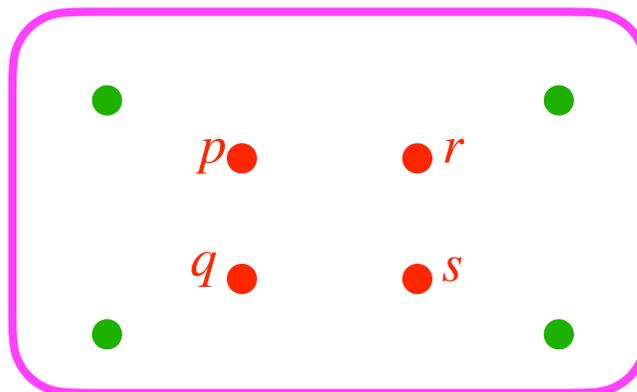
# Density matrix embedding theory (DMET)

$$\langle \hat{H} \rangle = \sum_{pq} h_{pq} \langle \hat{c}_p^\dagger \hat{c}_q \rangle + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq | rs \rangle \langle \hat{c}_p^\dagger \hat{c}_q^\dagger \hat{c}_s \hat{c}_r \rangle$$

**Original lattice representation**

**Quantum bath**  
 $\equiv$  **electronic reservoir**

Closed embedding cluster

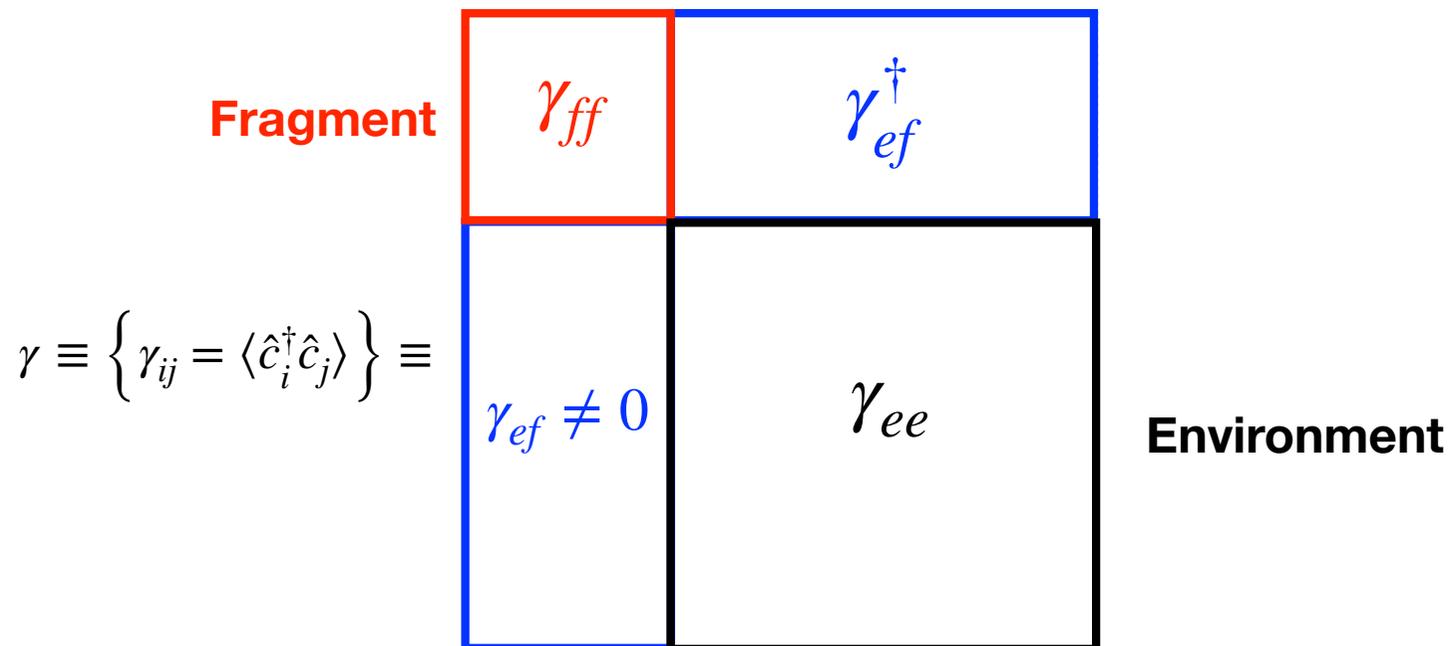


$\Psi^{\mathcal{C}}$  (exact diagonalisation)

$$\langle \hat{c}_p^\dagger \hat{c}_q \rangle \approx \langle \hat{c}_p^\dagger \hat{c}_q \rangle_{\Psi^{\mathcal{C}}}$$

$$\langle \hat{c}_p^\dagger \hat{c}_q^\dagger \hat{c}_s \hat{c}_r \rangle \approx \langle \hat{c}_p^\dagger \hat{c}_q^\dagger \hat{c}_s \hat{c}_r \rangle_{\Psi^{\mathcal{C}}}$$

# Clusterization through a unitary one-electron transformation



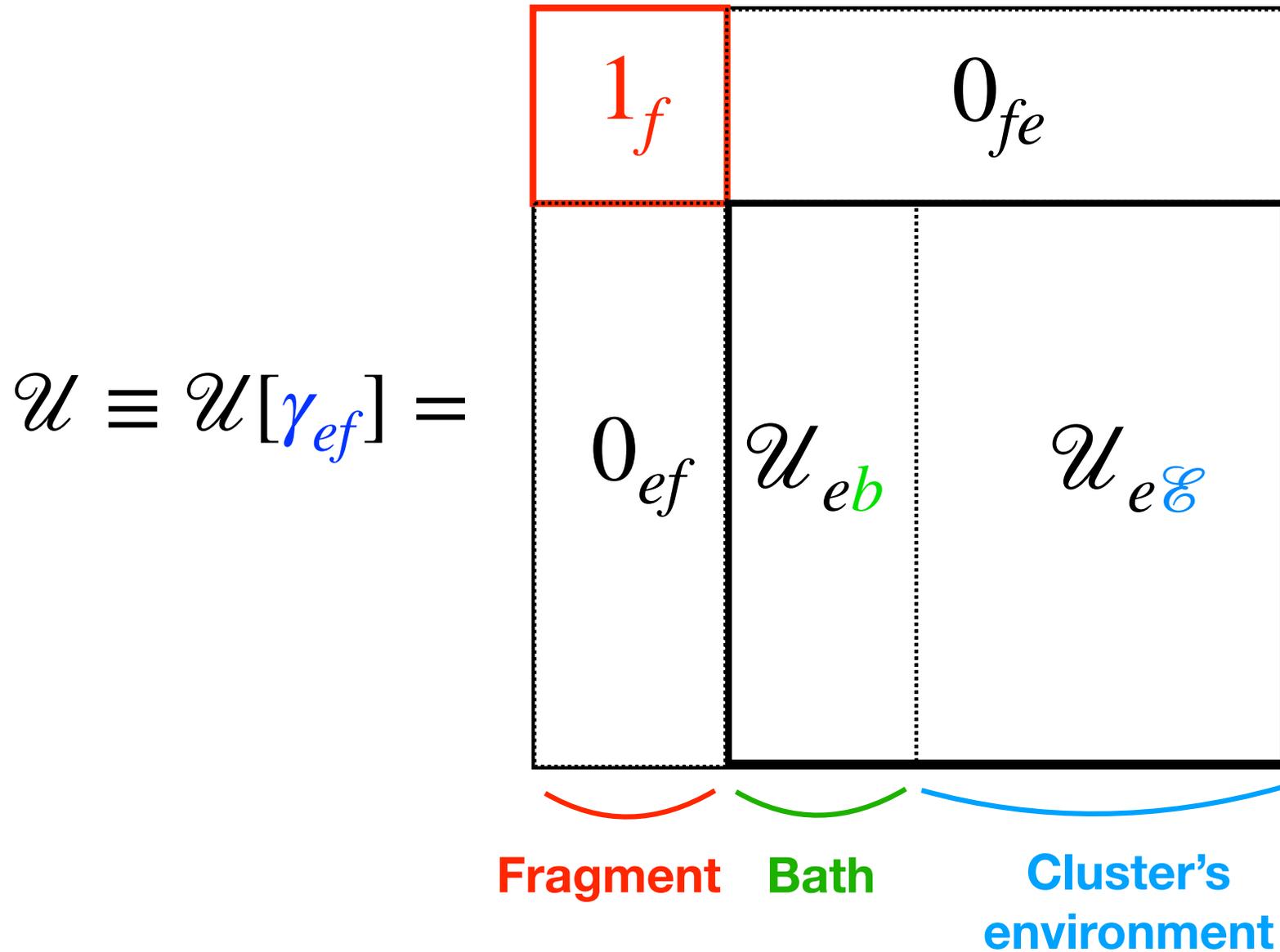
**Change of spin-orbital basis**

$$\hat{d}_j = \sum_l^{\text{lattice}} \mathcal{U}_{lj}[\gamma_{ef}] \hat{c}_l$$

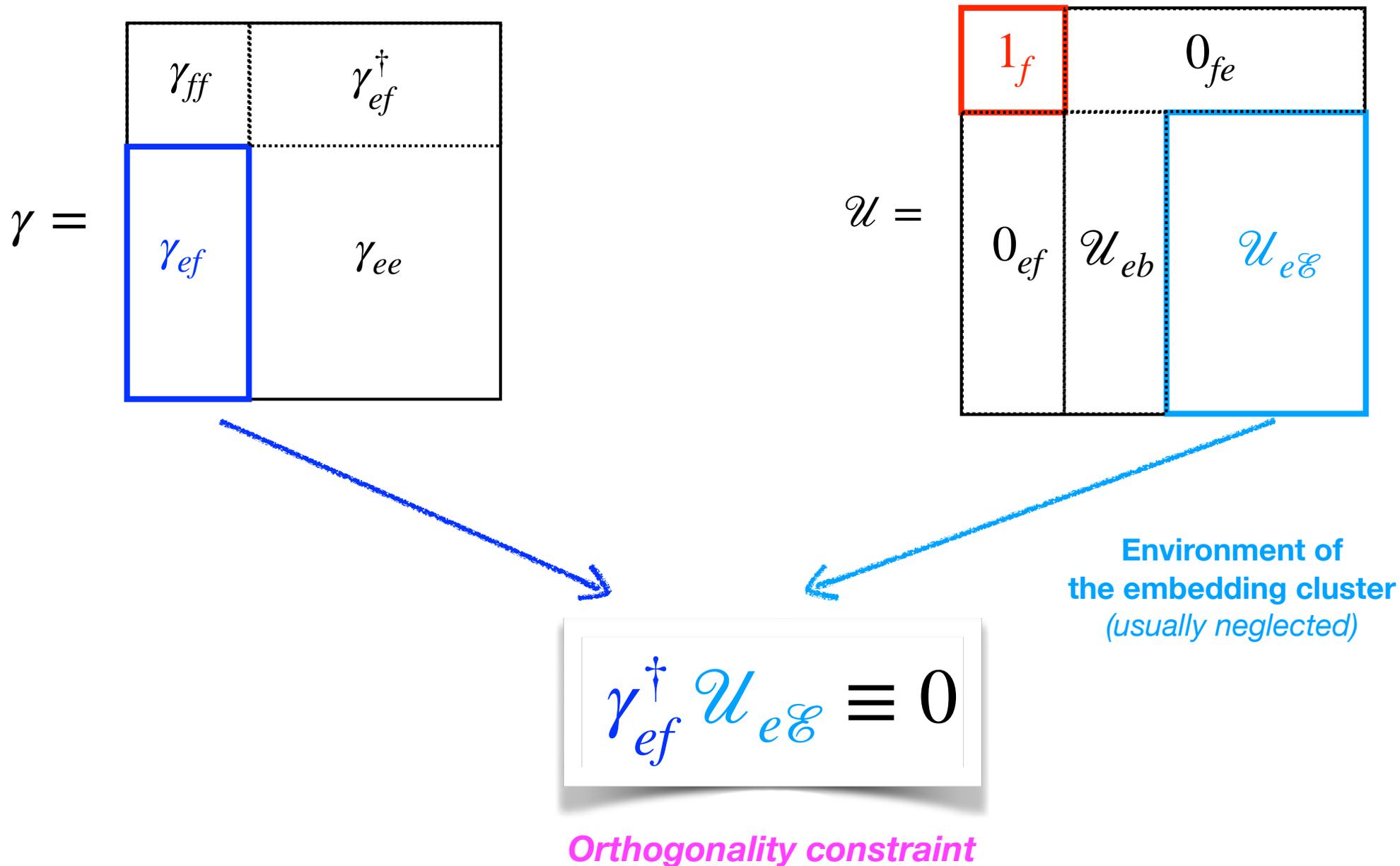
**Unitary transformation of the density matrix**

$$\longleftrightarrow \tilde{\gamma}_{ij} = \left\{ \langle \hat{d}_i^\dagger \hat{d}_j \rangle \right\} \equiv \mathcal{U}^\dagger[\gamma_{ef}] \gamma \mathcal{U}[\gamma_{ef}]$$

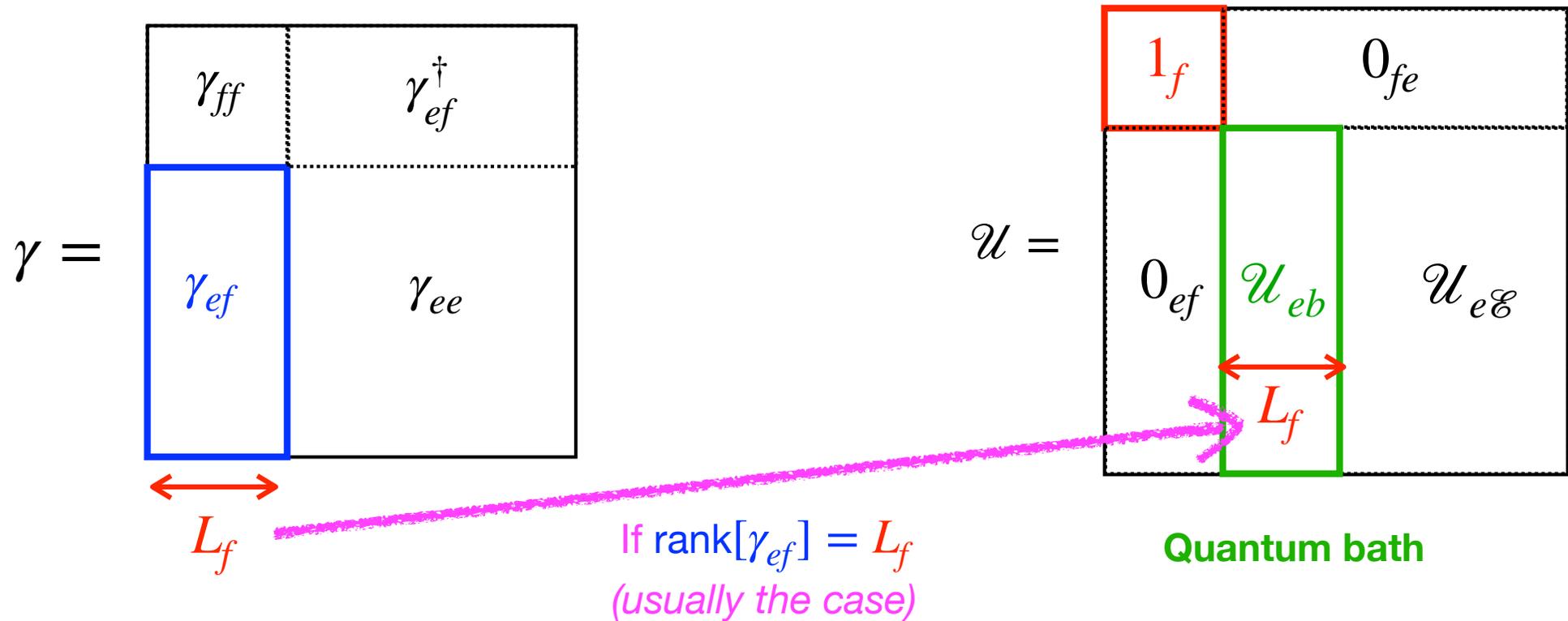
# Clusterization through a unitary one-electron transformation



# Clusterization through a unitary one-electron transformation



# Clusterization through a unitary one-electron transformation



**Bath spin-orbitals** are generated from the **columns of  $\gamma_{ef}$**

S. Sekaran, O. Bindech, and E. Fromager, to be submitted (2022).

<sup>1</sup>B.-X. Zheng, PhD thesis, [arXiv:1803.10259](https://arxiv.org/abs/1803.10259) (2018).

<sup>2</sup>F. Rotella and I. Zambettakis, *Appl. Math. Lett.* **12**, 29 (1999).

<sup>3</sup>S. Sekaran, M. Tsuchiizu, M. Saubanère, and E. Fromager, *Phys. Rev. B* **104**, 035121 (2021).

<sup>4</sup>S. Sekaran, M. Saubanère, and S. Yalouz, to be submitted (2022).

## Single-impurity case

$$\gamma = \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline \gamma_{ff} & \gamma_{ef}^\dagger \\ \hline \gamma_{ef} & \gamma_{ee} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$L_f = 1$

↓  
Column vector

$$\mathcal{U} = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline 1_f & 0_{fe} & \\ \hline 0_{ef} & \mathcal{U}_{eb} & \mathcal{U}_{e\mathcal{E}} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$L_f = 1$

Quantum bath



$$\mathcal{U}_{eb} = \frac{\gamma_{ef}}{\sqrt{\gamma_{ef}^\dagger \gamma_{ef}}}$$

Column vector

## Single-impurity case

$$\gamma = \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline \gamma_{ff} & \gamma_{ef}^\dagger \\ \hline \gamma_{ef} & \gamma_{ee} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

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$$\mathcal{U} = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline 1_f & 0_{fe} & \\ \hline 0_{ef} & \mathcal{U}_{eb} & \mathcal{U}_{e\mathcal{E}} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$L_f = 1$

$$\hat{d}_{bath} = \frac{\sum_e^{\text{environment}} \gamma_{ef} \hat{c}_e}{\sqrt{\sum_e^{\text{environment}} |\gamma_{ef}|^2}}$$

$$\mathcal{U}_{eb} = \frac{\gamma_{ef}}{\sqrt{\gamma_{ef}^\dagger \gamma_{ef}}}$$

Column vector

## Single-impurity case

$$\gamma = \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline \gamma_{ff} & \gamma_{ef}^\dagger \\ \hline \gamma_{ef} & \gamma_{ee} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$L_f = 1$

$$\mathcal{U} = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline 1_f & 0_{fe} & \\ \hline 0_{ef} & \mathcal{U}_{eb} & \mathcal{U}_{e\mathcal{E}} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$L_f = 1$

$$\varphi_{bath}(\mathbf{x}) \sim \sum_e^{\text{environment}} \gamma_{ef}^* \varphi_e(\mathbf{x})$$

$$\mathcal{U}_{eb} = \frac{\gamma_{ef}}{\sqrt{\gamma_{ef}^\dagger \gamma_{ef}}}$$

Column vector

## General multiple-impurity case

$$\gamma = \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline \gamma_{ff} & \gamma_{ef}^\dagger \\ \hline \gamma_{ef} & \gamma_{ee} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$L_f$

$$\mathcal{U} = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline 1_f & & 0_{fe} \\ \hline 0_{ef} & \mathcal{U}_{eb} & \mathcal{U}_{e\mathcal{E}} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$L_f$

Quantum bath      Cluster's environment

How to generate an **orthonormal basis** for the **bath** and the **cluster's environment**?

S. Sekaran, O. Bindech, and E. Fromager, to be submitted (2022).

<sup>1</sup>B.-X. Zheng, PhD thesis, [arXiv:1803.10259](https://arxiv.org/abs/1803.10259) (2018).

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$$\gamma = \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline \gamma_{ff} & \gamma_{ef}^\dagger \\ \hline \gamma_{ef} & \gamma_{ee} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$L_f$

$$\mathcal{U} = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline 1_f & & 0_{fe} \\ \hline 0_{ef} & \mathcal{U}_{eb} & \mathcal{U}_{e\mathcal{E}} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$L_f$

Quantum bath      Cluster's environment

Diagonalise  $\gamma_{ef}\gamma_{ef}^\dagger$  !!!

S. Sekaran, O. Bindech, and E. Fromager, to be submitted (2022).

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$L_f$

$$\mathcal{U} = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline 1_f & & 0_{fe} \\ \hline 0_{ef} & \mathcal{U}_{eb} & \mathcal{U}_{e\mathcal{E}} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$L_f$

Quantum bath      Cluster's environment

$$\gamma_{ef} \gamma_{ef}^\dagger \mathcal{U}_{e\mathcal{E}} = \mathcal{U}_{e\mathcal{E}} \mathbf{0}_{\mathcal{E}\mathcal{E}}$$

Zero eigenvalues

## General multiple-impurity case

$$\gamma = \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline \gamma_{ff} & \gamma_{ef}^\dagger \\ \hline \gamma_{ef} & \gamma_{ee} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$L_f$

$$\mathcal{U} = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline 1_f & & 0_{fe} \\ \hline 0_{ef} & \mathcal{U}_{eb} & \mathcal{U}_{e\mathcal{E}} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$L_f$

Quantum bath    Cluster's environment

*Bath spin-orbitals* are generated from the *columns of  $\gamma_{ef}$*

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$$\gamma = \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline \gamma_{ff} & \gamma_{ef}^\dagger \\ \hline \gamma_{ef} & \gamma_{ee} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

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$L_f$

Quantum bath      Cluster's environment

*Bath spin-orbitals* are generated from the *columns* of  $\gamma_{ef}$

$$\left( \gamma_{ef} \gamma_{ef}^\dagger \right) \gamma_{ef} = \gamma_{ef} \left( \gamma_{ef}^\dagger \gamma_{ef} \right)$$

## Step-by-step construction of the bath

$$\left(\gamma_{ef}\gamma_{ef}^\dagger\right)\gamma_{ef} = \gamma_{ef}\left(\gamma_{ef}^\dagger\gamma_{ef}\right) \text{---} \gamma_{ef}^\dagger\gamma_{ef} = \mathcal{W}\mathcal{D}\mathcal{W}^\dagger$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \sigma_i > 0 \\ \text{Singular values of } \gamma_{ef} \end{array} \boxed{\begin{array}{ccc} \sigma_1^2 & & 0 \\ & \sigma_2^2 & \\ 0 & \cdots & \sigma_{L_f}^2 \end{array}} = \mathcal{D}$$

## Step-by-step construction of the bath

$$\left(\gamma_{ef}\gamma_{ef}^\dagger\right)\gamma_{ef} = \gamma_{ef}\left(\gamma_{ef}^\dagger\gamma_{ef}\right) \longleftarrow \gamma_{ef}^\dagger\gamma_{ef} = \mathcal{W}\mathcal{D}\mathcal{W}^\dagger$$

$\sigma_i > 0$   
Singular values of  $\gamma_{ef}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \sigma_1^2 & & 0 \\ \sigma_2^2 & & 0 \\ 0 & \ddots & 0 \\ & & \sigma_{L_f}^2 \end{array} = \mathcal{D}$$

$$\left(\gamma_{ef}\gamma_{ef}^\dagger\right)\gamma_{ef}\mathcal{W}\mathcal{D}^{-1/2} = \gamma_{ef}\mathcal{W}\mathcal{D}^{-1/2}\mathcal{D}$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\mathcal{U}_{eb}} \qquad \qquad \underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\mathcal{U}_{eb}}$

## Step-by-step construction of the bath

$$\left(\gamma_{ef}\gamma_{ef}^\dagger\right)\gamma_{ef} = \gamma_{ef}\left(\gamma_{ef}^\dagger\gamma_{ef}\right) \quad \gamma_{ef}^\dagger\gamma_{ef} = \mathcal{W}\mathcal{D}\mathcal{W}^\dagger$$

$\sigma_i > 0$   
 Singular values of  $\gamma_{ef}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \sigma_1^2 & & & 0 \\ & \sigma_2^2 & & \\ & & \ddots & \\ 0 & & & \sigma_{L_f}^2 \end{bmatrix} = \mathcal{D}$$

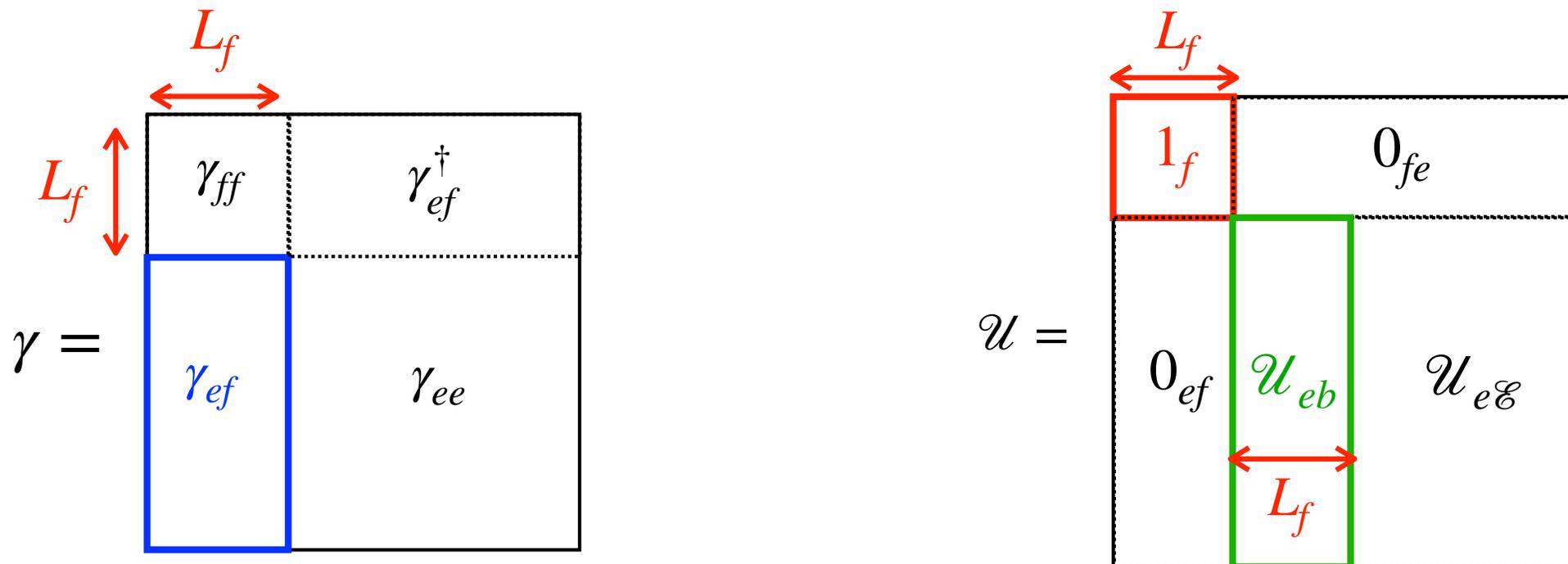
$$\left(\gamma_{ef}\gamma_{ef}^\dagger\right)\gamma_{ef}\mathcal{W}\mathcal{D}^{-1/2} = \gamma_{ef}\mathcal{W}\mathcal{D}^{-1/2}\mathcal{D}$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\mathcal{U}_{eb}} \quad \underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\mathcal{U}_{eb}}$

$$\mathcal{U}_{eb}^\dagger\mathcal{U}_{eb} = \mathcal{D}^{-1/2}\mathcal{W}^\dagger\gamma_{ef}^\dagger\gamma_{ef}\mathcal{W}\mathcal{D}^{-1/2} = 1_{bb}$$



# Clusterization through a unitary one-electron transformation



Equivalent constructions of the  $L_f$  orthonormal bath spin-orbitals

Singular value decomposition<sup>1</sup> of  $\gamma_{ef}$

or

Block Householder transformation<sup>2,3</sup>

S. Sekaran, O. Bindech, and E. Fromager, to be submitted (2022).

<sup>1</sup>B.-X. Zheng, PhD thesis, arXiv:1803.10259 (2018).

<sup>2</sup>F. Rotella and I. Zambettakis, Appl. Math. Lett. **12**, 29 (1999).

<sup>3</sup>S. Sekaran, M. Tsuchiizu, M. Saubanère, and E. Fromager, Phys. Rev. B **104**, 035121 (2021).

# Clusterization through a unitary one-electron transformation

$$\gamma = \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline \gamma_{ff} & \gamma_{ef}^\dagger \\ \hline \gamma_{ef} & \gamma_{ee} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\mathcal{U} = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline 1_f & 0_{fe} & \\ \hline 0_{ef} & \mathcal{U}_{eb} & \mathcal{U}_{e\mathcal{E}} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

**REMINDER**

Environment of the embedding cluster  
(usually neglected)

The only thing we need to remember is that

$$\gamma_{ef}^\dagger \mathcal{U}_{e\mathcal{E}} \equiv 0$$

**Orthogonality constraint**

# Unitary transformed density matrix

$$\tilde{\gamma} = \mathcal{U}^\dagger \gamma \mathcal{U} \equiv$$

$\gamma_{ff}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{bf}^\dagger$	$\gamma_{ef}^\dagger \mathcal{U}_{e\mathcal{E}} = 0$
$\tilde{\gamma}_{bf}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{bb}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}b}^\dagger$
$\mathcal{U}_{e\mathcal{E}}^\dagger \gamma_{ef}$ = 0	$\tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}b}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}\mathcal{E}}$

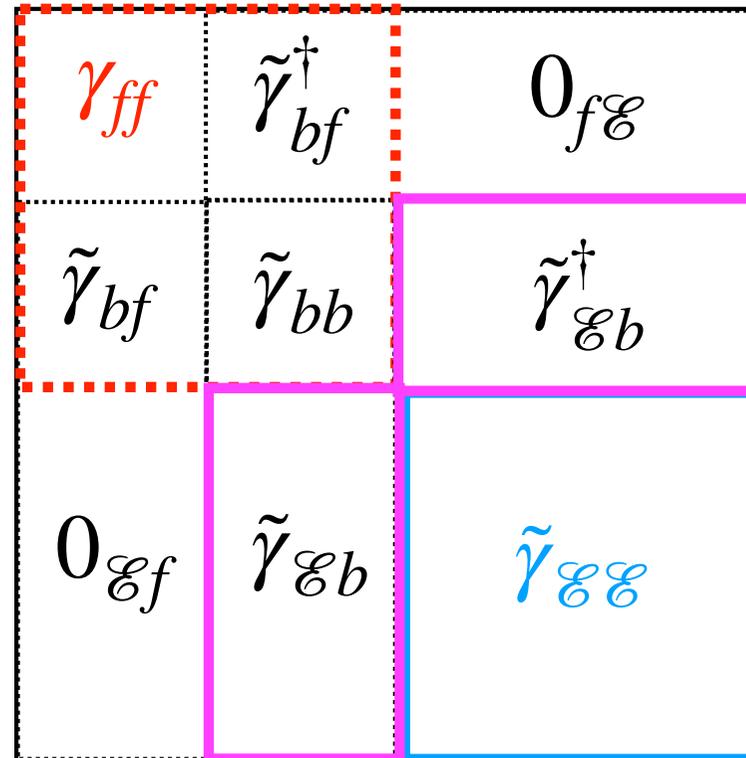
Orthogonality constraint

Orthogonality constraint

# Unitary transformed density matrix

“**fragment**+bath”  
embedding cluster

$$\tilde{\gamma} = \mathcal{U}^\dagger \gamma \mathcal{U} \equiv$$



Cluster's  
environment

Entanglement

## Unitary transformed density matrix

$$\tilde{\gamma}^2 \equiv \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline \gamma_{ff} & \tilde{\gamma}_{bf}^\dagger & 0_{f\mathcal{E}} \\ \hline \tilde{\gamma}_{bf} & \tilde{\gamma}_{bb} & \tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}b}^\dagger \\ \hline 0_{\mathcal{E}f} & \tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}b} & \tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}\mathcal{E}} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline \gamma_{ff} & \tilde{\gamma}_{bf}^\dagger & 0_{f\mathcal{E}} \\ \hline \tilde{\gamma}_{bf} & \tilde{\gamma}_{bb} & \tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}b}^\dagger \\ \hline 0_{\mathcal{E}f} & \tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}b} & \tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}\mathcal{E}} \end{array}$$

# Unitary transformed idempotent density matrix

$$\tilde{\gamma}^2 = \tilde{\gamma} = \mathcal{U}^\dagger \gamma \mathcal{U} \equiv$$

$\gamma_{ff}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{bf}^\dagger$	$0_{f\mathcal{E}}$
$\tilde{\gamma}_{bf}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{bb}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}b}^\dagger = 0$
$0_{\mathcal{E}f}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}b} = 0$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}\mathcal{E}}$

||

$$\tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}b} \tilde{\gamma}_{bf} \longrightarrow \tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}b} = 0$$

$$\tilde{\gamma}_{bf} \tilde{\gamma}_{bf}^\dagger = \mathcal{D}$$

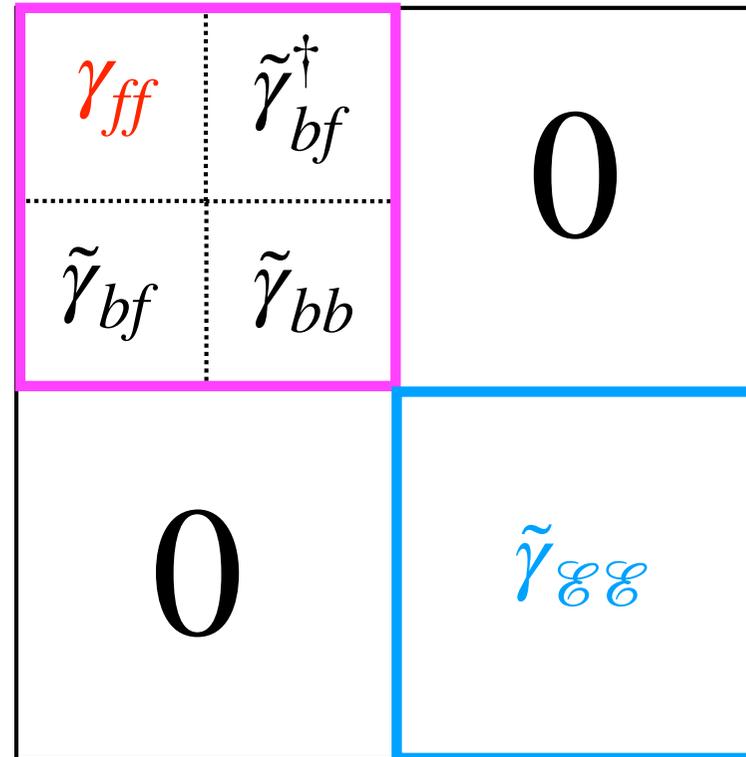
## Unitary transformed idempotent density matrix

$$\tilde{\gamma}^2 = \tilde{\gamma} = \mathcal{U}^\dagger \gamma \mathcal{U} \equiv$$

$\gamma_{ff}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{bf}^\dagger$	$0_{f\mathcal{E}}$
$\tilde{\gamma}_{bf}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{bb}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}b}^\dagger = 0$
$0_{\mathcal{E}f}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}b} = 0$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}\mathcal{E}}$

Disconnected  
embedding cluster

$$\tilde{\gamma}^2 = \tilde{\gamma} = \mathcal{U}^\dagger \gamma \mathcal{U} \equiv$$



Cluster's  
environment

## Unitary transformed *idempotent* density matrix

$$\tilde{\gamma} = \tilde{\gamma}^2 \equiv$$

$\gamma_{ff}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{bf}^\dagger$	$0_{f\mathcal{E}}$
$\tilde{\gamma}_{bf}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{bb}$	$0_{b\mathcal{E}}$
$0_{\mathcal{E}f}$	$0_{\mathcal{E}b}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}\mathcal{E}}$

$\gamma_{ff}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{bf}^\dagger$	$0_{f\mathcal{E}}$
$\tilde{\gamma}_{bf}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{bb}$	$0_{b\mathcal{E}}$
$0_{\mathcal{E}f}$	$0_{\mathcal{E}b}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}\mathcal{E}}$

## Unitary transformed idempotent density matrix

$$\tilde{\gamma}_{bf}\gamma_{ff} + \tilde{\gamma}_{bb}\tilde{\gamma}_{bf} = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline \gamma_{ff} & \tilde{\gamma}_{bf}^\dagger & 0_{f\mathcal{E}} \\ \hline \tilde{\gamma}_{bf} & \tilde{\gamma}_{bb} & 0_{b\mathcal{E}} \\ \hline 0_{\mathcal{E}f} & 0_{\mathcal{E}b} & \tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}\mathcal{E}} \\ \hline \end{array} \equiv \tilde{\gamma} = \tilde{\gamma}^2$$

# Unitary transformed idempotent density matrix

$$\tilde{\gamma}_{bf}\gamma_{ff} + \tilde{\gamma}_{bb}\tilde{\gamma}_{bf} = \tilde{\gamma}_{bf} \quad \equiv \tilde{\gamma} = \tilde{\gamma}^2$$

$$\gamma_{ff} + \tilde{\gamma}_{bf}^{-1}\tilde{\gamma}_{bb}\tilde{\gamma}_{bf} = \mathbf{1}_f$$

$$\text{Tr}[\gamma_{ff}] + \text{Tr}[\tilde{\gamma}_{bb}] = L_f \rightarrow$$

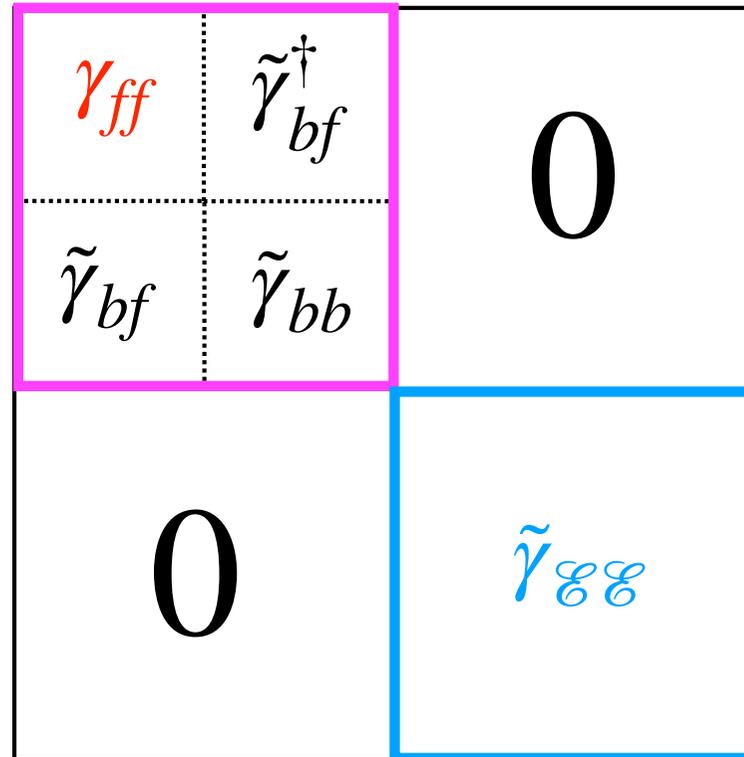
	$\overleftrightarrow{L_f}$	$\overleftrightarrow{L_f}$	
	$\gamma_{ff}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{bf}^\dagger$	$0_{f\mathcal{E}}$
	$\tilde{\gamma}_{bf}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{bb}$	$0_{b\mathcal{E}}$
	$0_{\mathcal{E}f}$	$0_{\mathcal{E}b}$	$\tilde{\gamma}_{\mathcal{E}\mathcal{E}}$

The embedding cluster contains exactly  $L_f$  electrons!

Contains exactly  $\text{Tr}[\gamma_{ff}] + \text{Tr}[\tilde{\gamma}_{bb}] = L_f$  electrons!



$$\tilde{\gamma}^2 = \tilde{\gamma} = \mathcal{U}^\dagger \gamma \mathcal{U} \equiv$$



Cluster's environment

# Approximate embedding of interacting Hamiltonians

$$\hat{H} = \sum_{pq} h_{pq} \hat{c}_p^\dagger \hat{c}_q + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq | rs \rangle \hat{c}_p^\dagger \hat{c}_q^\dagger \hat{c}_s \hat{c}_r$$

**Original  
localised representation**

$$\hat{d}_j = \sum_l^{\text{lattice}} \mathcal{U}_{lj}[\gamma_{ef}] \hat{c}_l$$

$$= \sum_{pq} \tilde{h}_{pq} \hat{d}_p^\dagger \hat{d}_q + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{pqrs} \langle \widetilde{pq} | rs \rangle \hat{d}_p^\dagger \hat{d}_q^\dagger \hat{d}_s \hat{d}_r$$

**Embedding  
representation**

S. Wouters, C. A. Jiménez-Hoyos, Q. Sun, and G. K.-L. Chan, *J. Chem. Theory Comput.* **12**, 2706 (2016).

S. Sekaran, M. Tsuchiizu, M. Saubanère, and E. Fromager, *Phys. Rev. B* **104**, 035121 (2021).

S. Sekaran, M. Saubanère, and E. Fromager, *Computation* **2022**, 10, 45.

# Approximate embedding of interacting Hamiltonians

$$\hat{H} = \sum_{pq} h_{pq} \hat{c}_p^\dagger \hat{c}_q + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq | rs \rangle \hat{c}_p^\dagger \hat{c}_q^\dagger \hat{c}_s \hat{c}_r$$

**Original  
localised representation**

$$\hat{d}_j = \sum_l^{\text{lattice}} \mathcal{U}_{lj}[\gamma_{ef}] \hat{c}_l$$

$$= \sum_{pq}^{\mathcal{C}} \tilde{h}_{pq} \hat{d}_p^\dagger \hat{d}_q$$

$$\hat{h}^{\mathcal{C}}$$

**Projection onto  
the cluster**

**Exact!**

# Approximate embedding of interacting Hamiltonians

$$\hat{H} = \sum_{pq} h_{pq} \hat{c}_p^\dagger \hat{c}_q + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq | rs \rangle \hat{c}_p^\dagger \hat{c}_q^\dagger \hat{c}_s \hat{c}_r$$

**Original  
localised representation**

$$\hat{d}_j = \sum_l^{\text{lattice}} \mathcal{U}_{lj}[\gamma_{ef}] \hat{c}_l$$

$$= \sum_{pq}^{\mathcal{C}} \tilde{h}_{pq} \hat{d}_p^\dagger \hat{d}_q + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{pqrs}^{\text{fragment}} \langle pq | rs \rangle \hat{d}_p^\dagger \hat{d}_q^\dagger \hat{d}_s \hat{d}_r$$

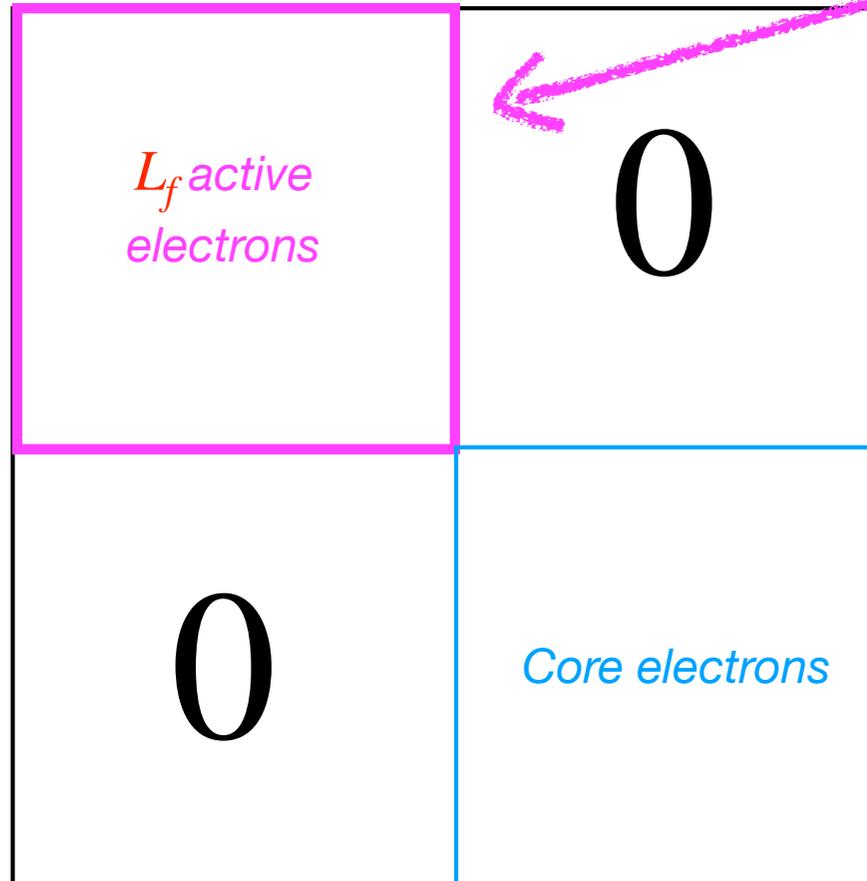
**Projection onto  
the cluster**

**Approximate!**

$$\hat{h}^{\mathcal{C}}$$

# Approximate embedding of interacting Hamiltonians

Embedding cluster



Local CASCI calculation

Cluster's environment

# Approximate embedding of interacting Hamiltonians

Chemical potential  
on the impurity

↓

$$\hat{h}^{\text{imp}} \xrightarrow{\text{single impurity}} \hat{h}^{\text{imp}} + \langle pp | pp \rangle \hat{c}_{p\uparrow}^\dagger \hat{c}_{p\downarrow}^\dagger \hat{c}_{p\downarrow} \hat{c}_{p\uparrow} - \tilde{\mu}^{\text{imp}} \sum_{\sigma=\uparrow,\downarrow} \hat{c}_{p\sigma}^\dagger \hat{c}_{p\sigma}$$

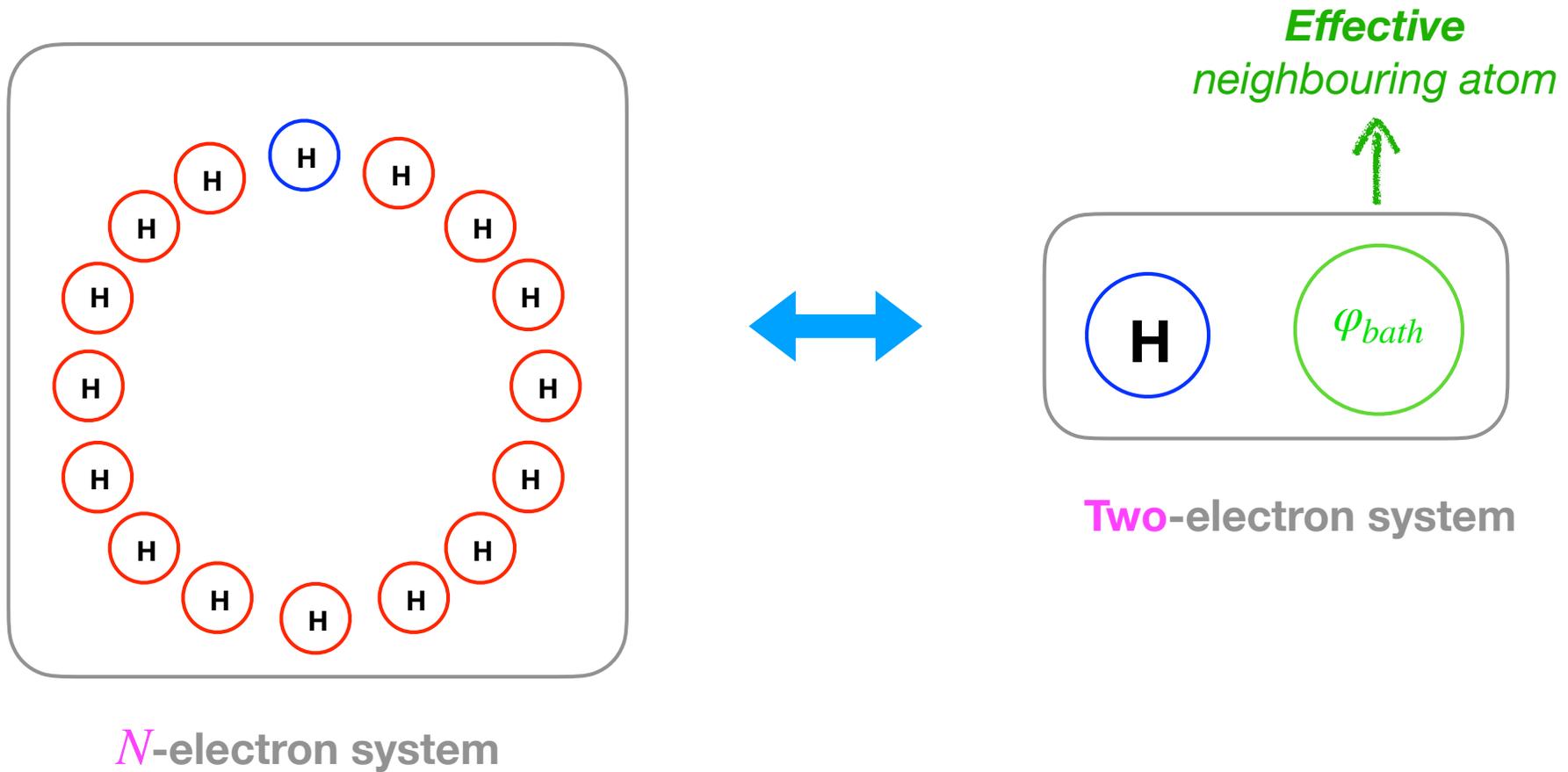
Exact non-interacting embedding                      Approximate interacting embedding

S. Wouters, C. A. Jiménez-Hoyos, Q. Sun, and G. K.-L. Chan, *J. Chem. Theory Comput.* **12**, 2706 (2016).

S. Sekaran, M. Tsuchiizu, M. Saubanère, and E. Fromager, *Phys. Rev. B* **104**, 035121 (2021).

S. Sekaran, M. Saubanère, and E. Fromager, *Computation* **2022**, 10, 45.

# Hubbard model for rings of hydrogen atoms



$$\hat{H} = \sum_{\sigma=\uparrow,\downarrow} \sum_{i=0}^{L-1} -t \left( \hat{c}_{i\sigma}^\dagger \hat{c}_{(i+1)\sigma} + \hat{c}_{(i+1)\sigma}^\dagger \hat{c}_{i\sigma} \right) + U \sum_{i=0}^{L-1} \hat{c}_{i\uparrow}^\dagger \hat{c}_{i\downarrow}^\dagger \hat{c}_{i\downarrow} \hat{c}_{i\uparrow}$$

G. Knizia and G. K.-L. Chan, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **109**, 186404 (2012).

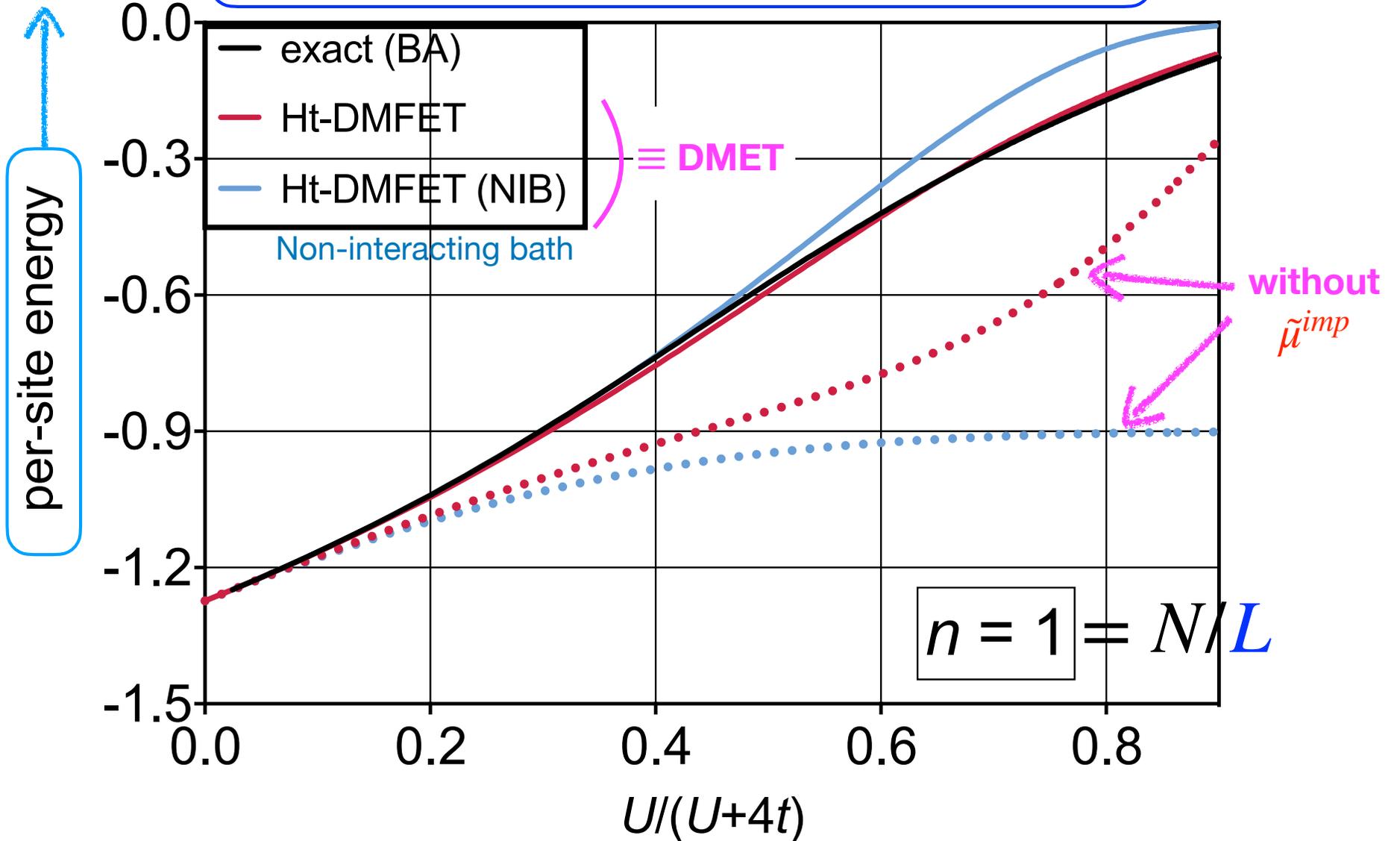
S. Sekaran, M. Tsuchiizu, M. Saubanère, and E. Fromager, *Phys. Rev. B* **104**, 035121 (2021).

S. Sekaran, M. Saubanère, and E. Fromager, *Computation* **2022**, 10, 45.

# Half-filled uniform Hubbard ring with $L = 400$ atomic sites

$E/L$

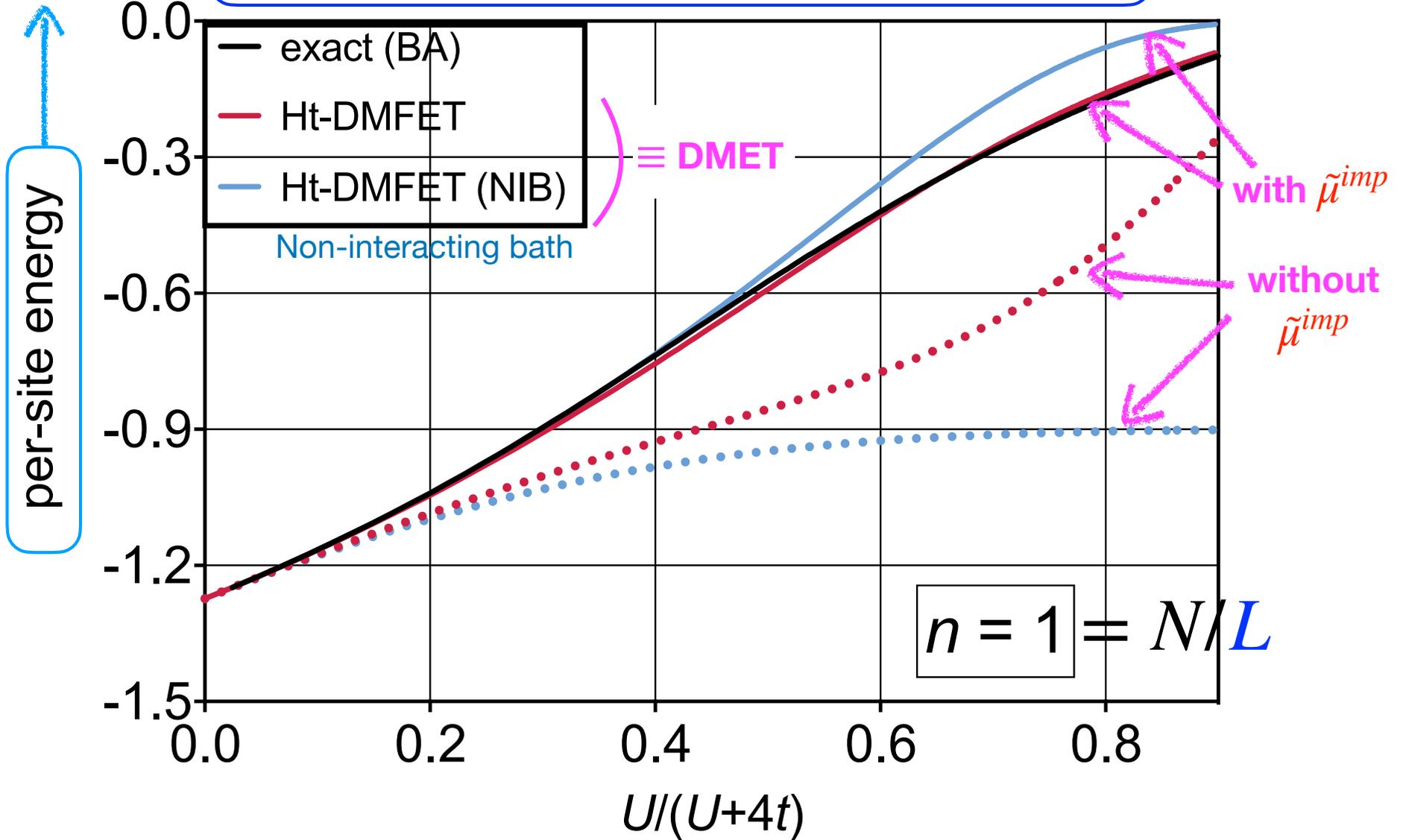
$$\hat{H} = \sum_{\sigma=\uparrow,\downarrow} \sum_{i=0}^{L-1} -t \left( \hat{c}_{i\sigma}^\dagger \hat{c}_{(i+1)\sigma} + \hat{c}_{(i+1)\sigma}^\dagger \hat{c}_{i\sigma} \right) + U \sum_{i=0}^{L-1} \hat{c}_{i\uparrow}^\dagger \hat{c}_{i\downarrow}^\dagger \hat{c}_{i\downarrow} \hat{c}_{i\uparrow}$$



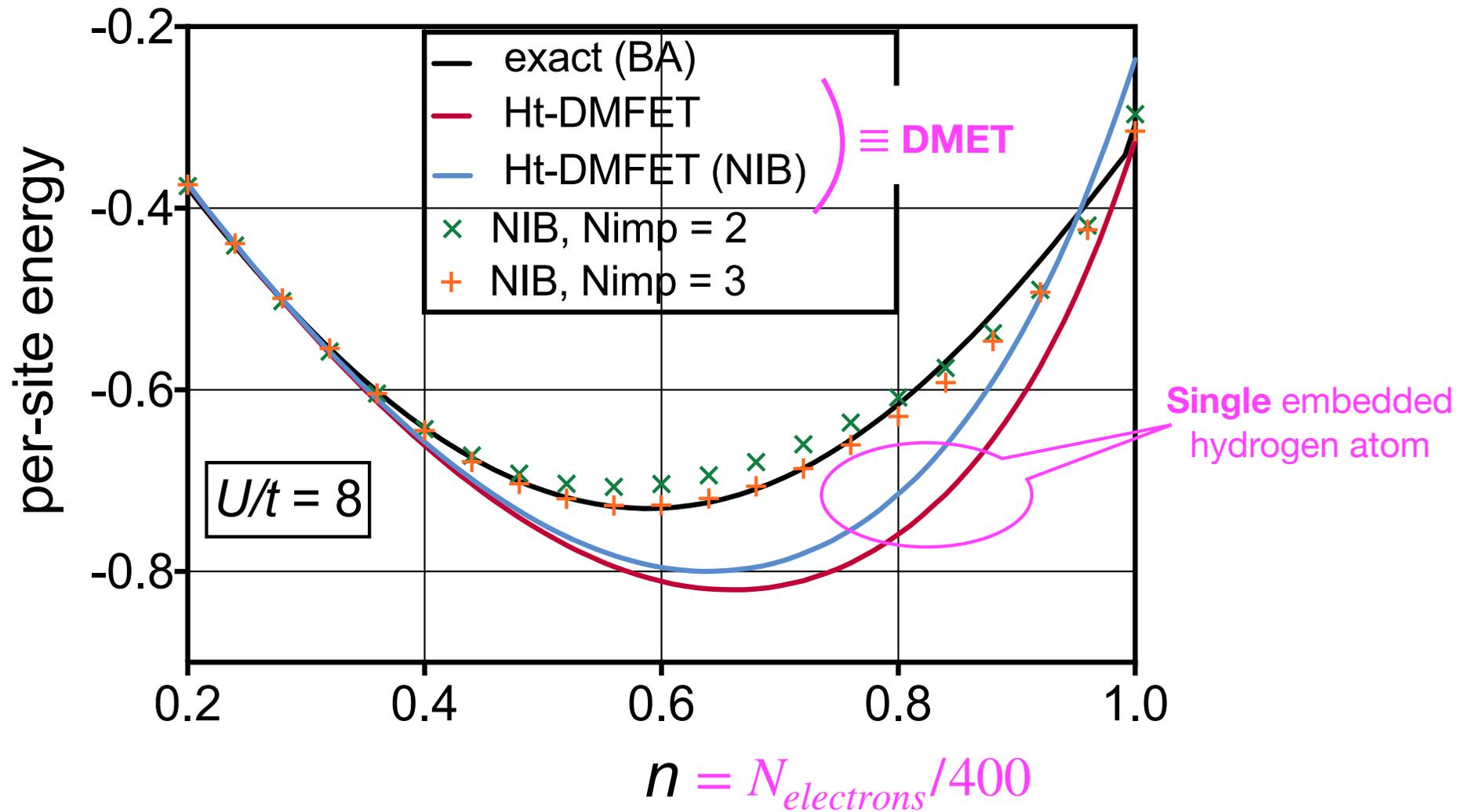
# Half-filled uniform Hubbard ring with $L = 400$ atomic sites

$E/L$

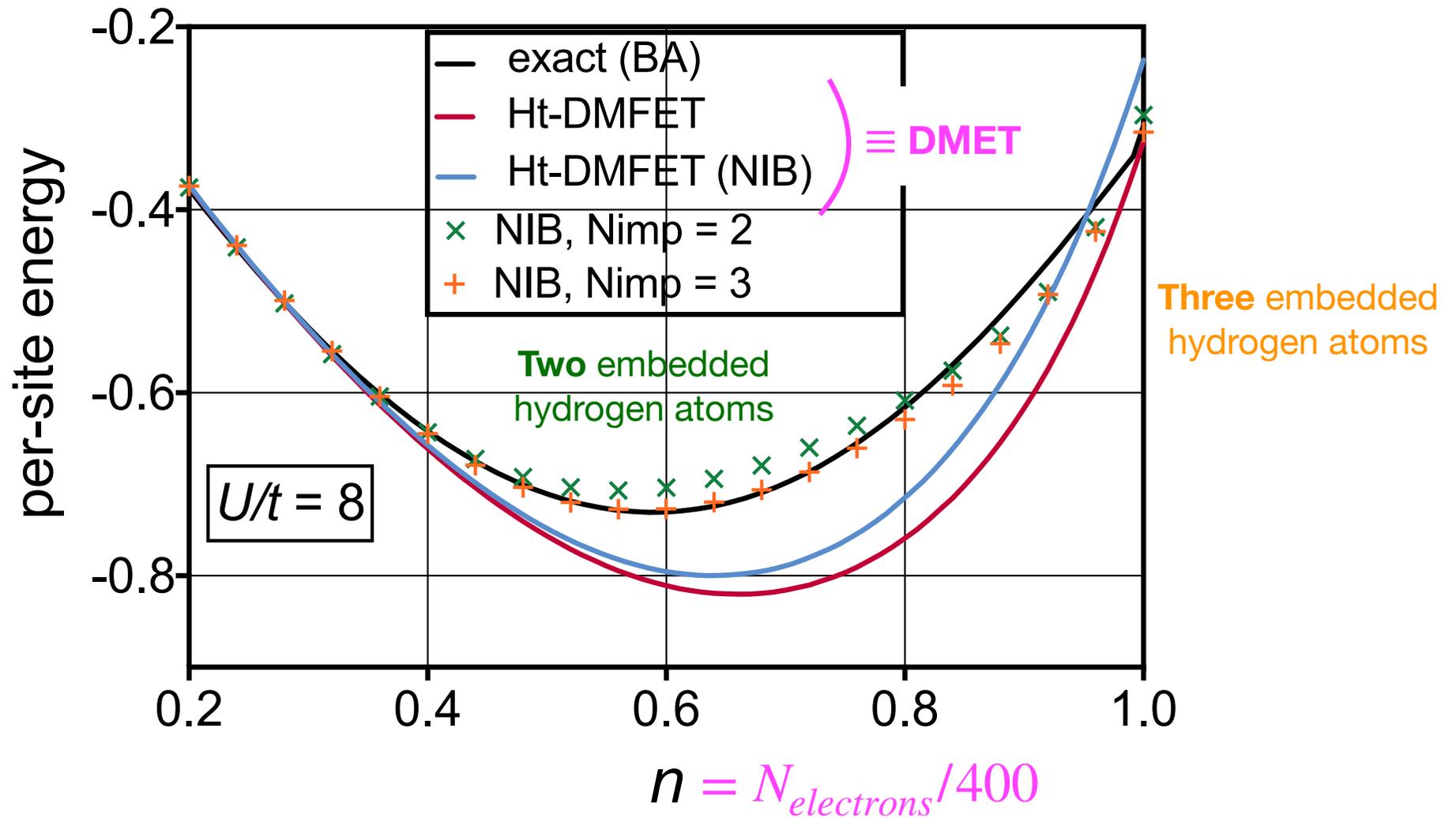
$$\hat{H} = \sum_{\sigma=\uparrow,\downarrow} \sum_{i=0}^{L-1} -t \left( \hat{c}_{i\sigma}^\dagger \hat{c}_{(i+1)\sigma} + \hat{c}_{(i+1)\sigma}^\dagger \hat{c}_{i\sigma} \right) + U \sum_{i=0}^{L-1} \hat{c}_{i\uparrow}^\dagger \hat{c}_{i\downarrow}^\dagger \hat{c}_{i\downarrow} \hat{c}_{i\uparrow}$$



*(Hubbard) model of a stretched 400-atom hydrogen ring*

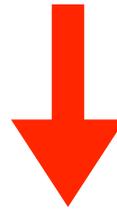


# (Hubbard) model of a stretched 400-atom hydrogen ring



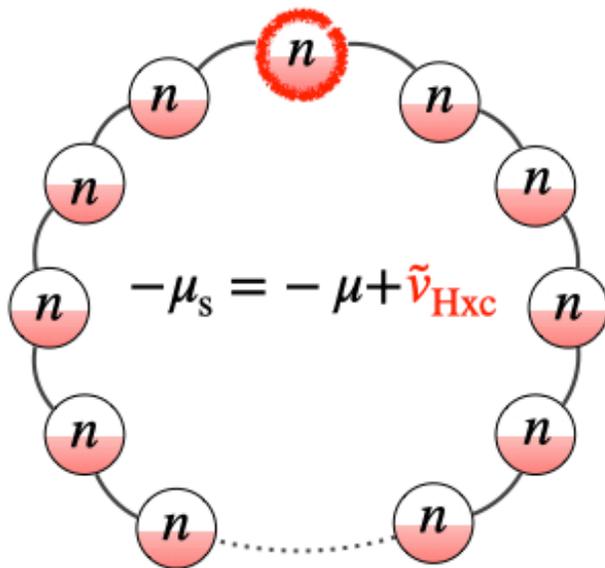
# Local potential-functional embedding theory (LPFET)

$$v_{\text{Hxc}}(n) \approx \tilde{\mu}^{\text{imp}}(n)$$



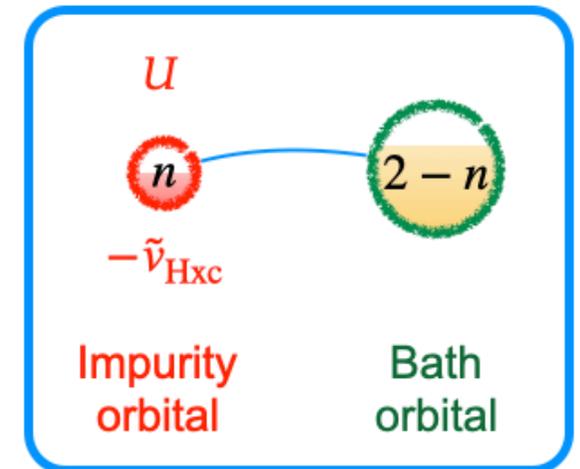
Self-consistency loop

Kohn-Sham lattice

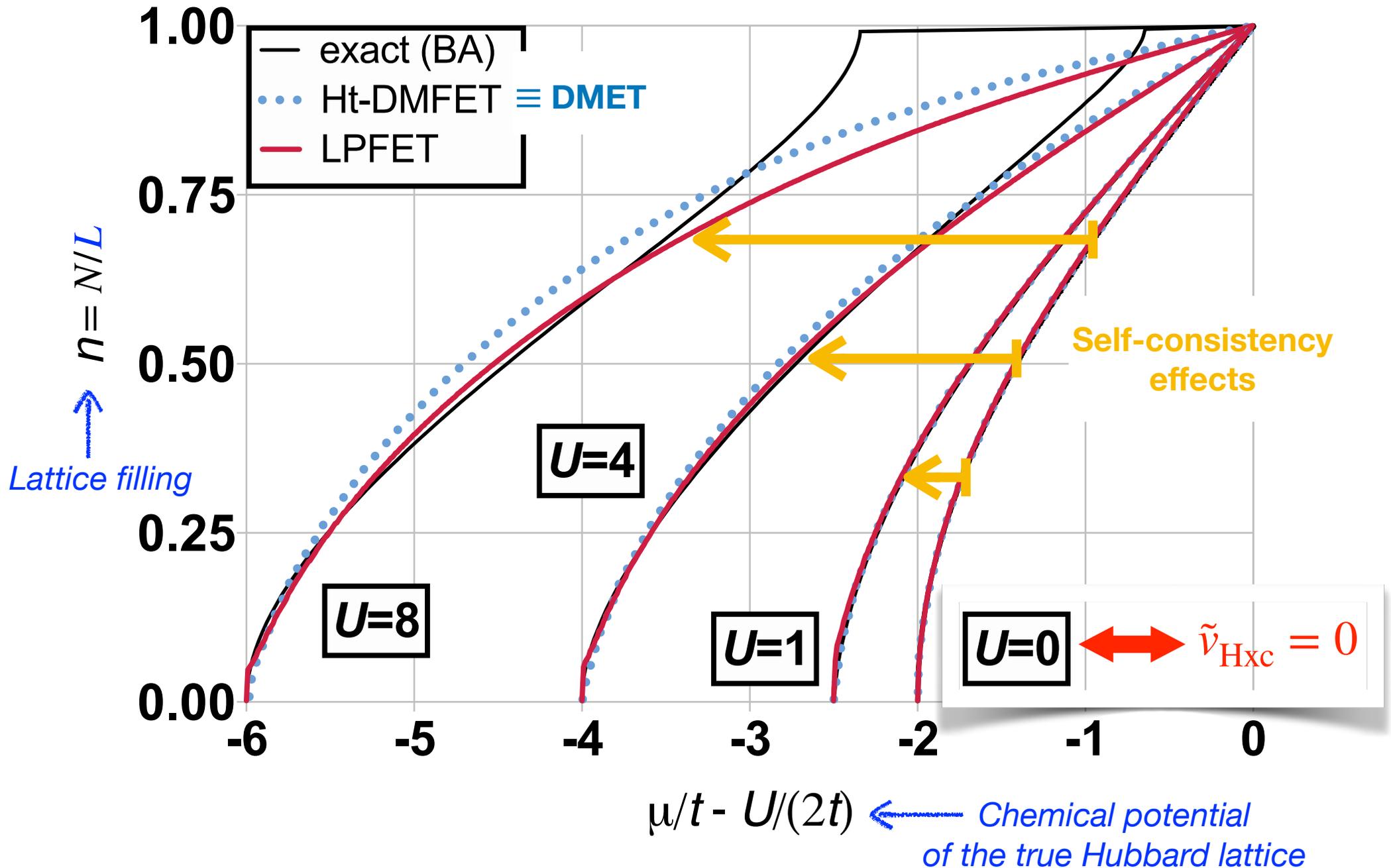


$$n_{\Phi_0^{\text{KS}}}[\tilde{v}_{\text{Hxc}}] = n_{\Psi_0^{\text{cluster}}}[\tilde{v}_{\text{Hxc}}]$$

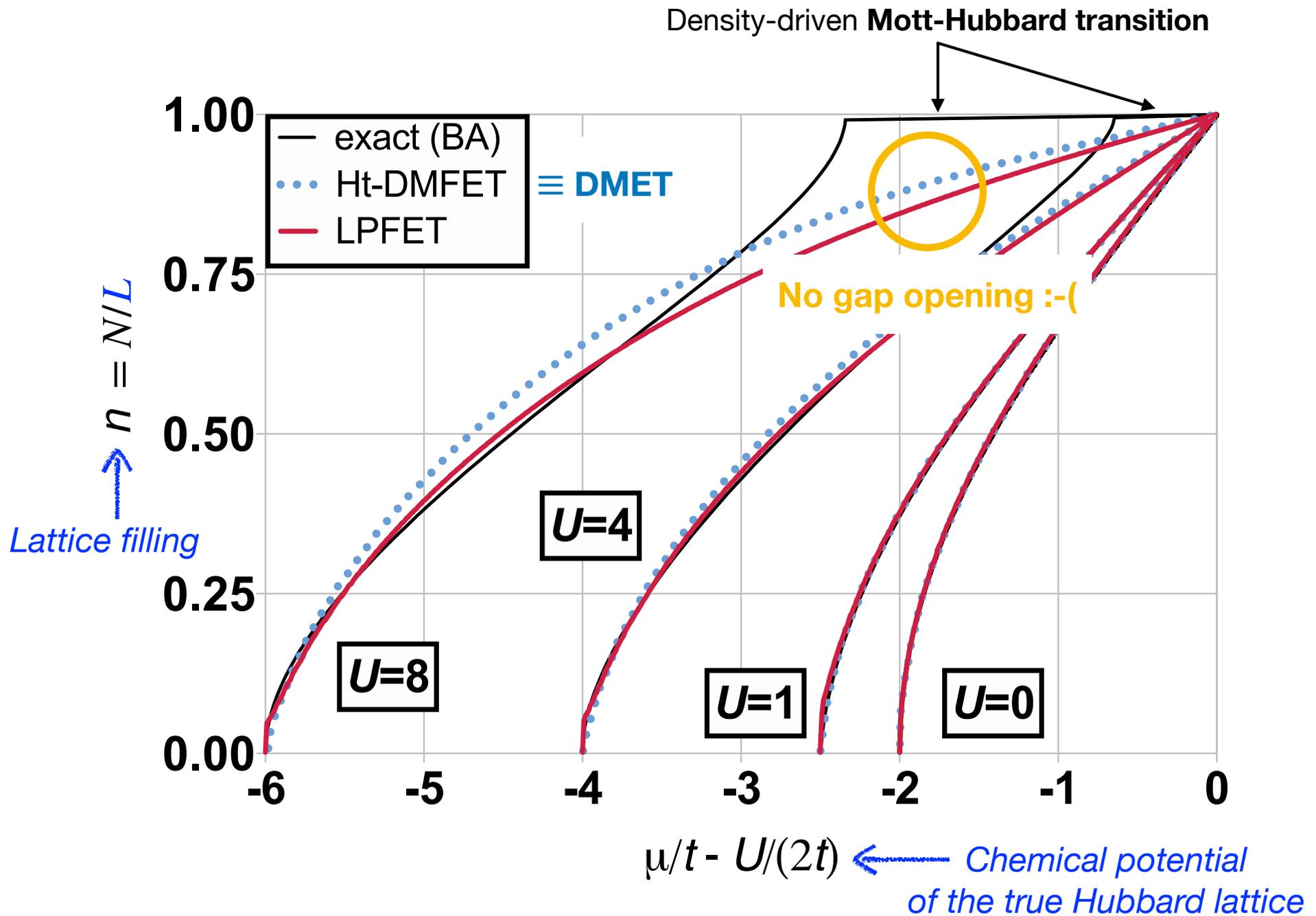
Embedding cluster



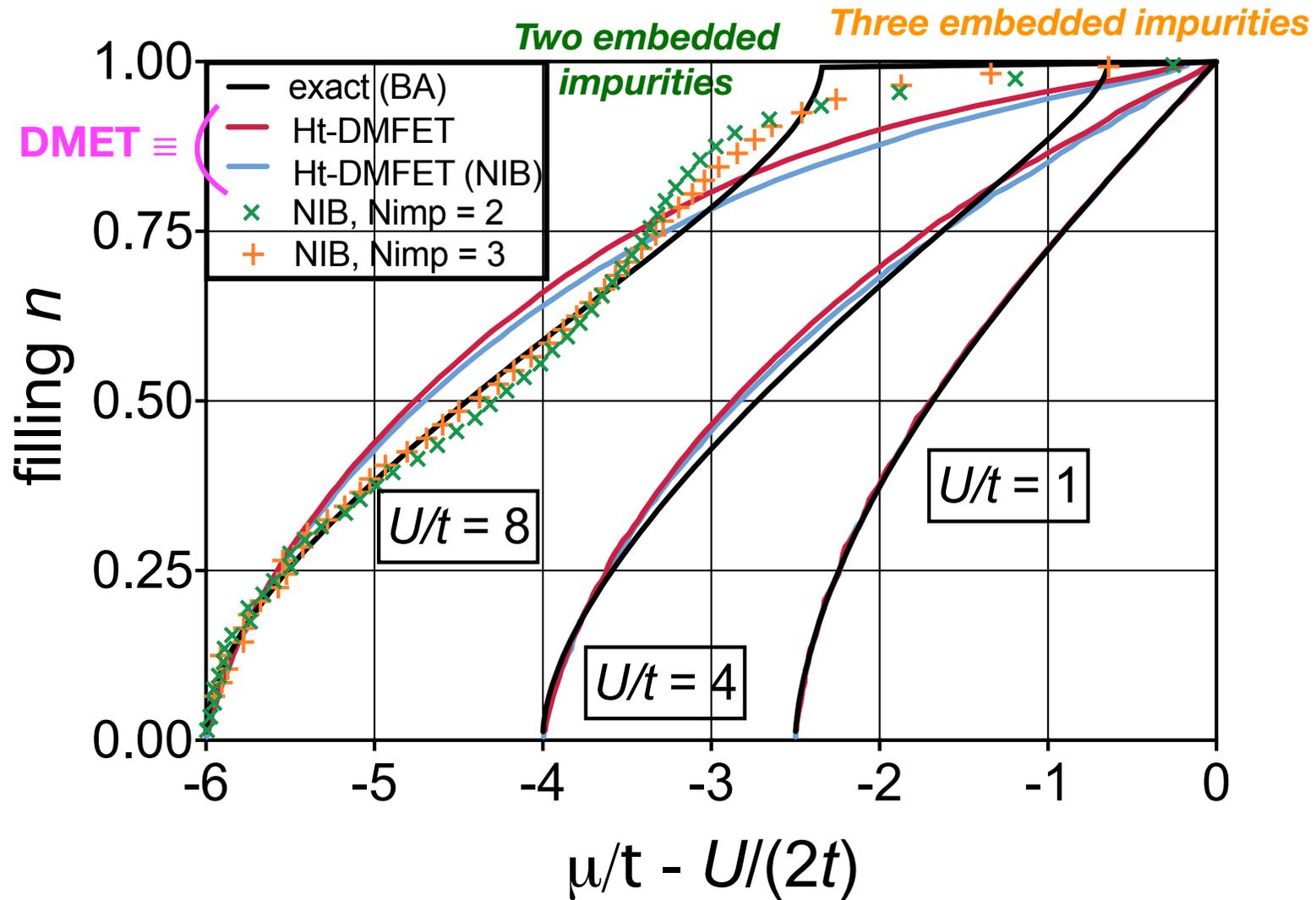
# Local potential-functional embedding theory (LPFET)



# Local potential-functional embedding theory (LPFET)



# Mott-Hubbard density-driven transition and multiple impurities



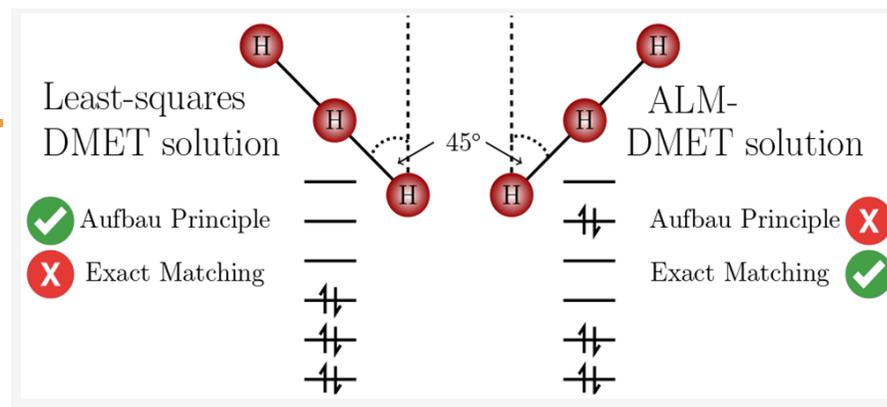


# Pure State $\nu$ -Representability of Density Matrix Embedding Theory

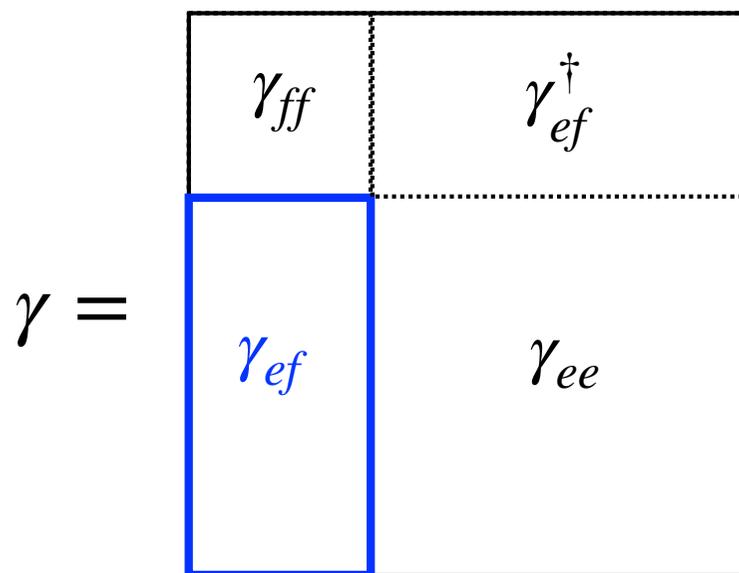
Fabian M. Faulstich,<sup>1</sup> Raehyun Kim,<sup>1</sup> Zhi-Hao Cui, Zaiwen Wen, Garnet Kin-Lic Chan, and Lin Lin\*



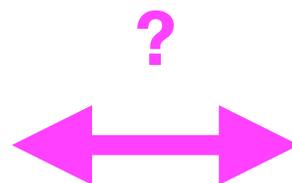
Cite This: *J. Chem. Theory Comput.* 2022, 18, 851–864



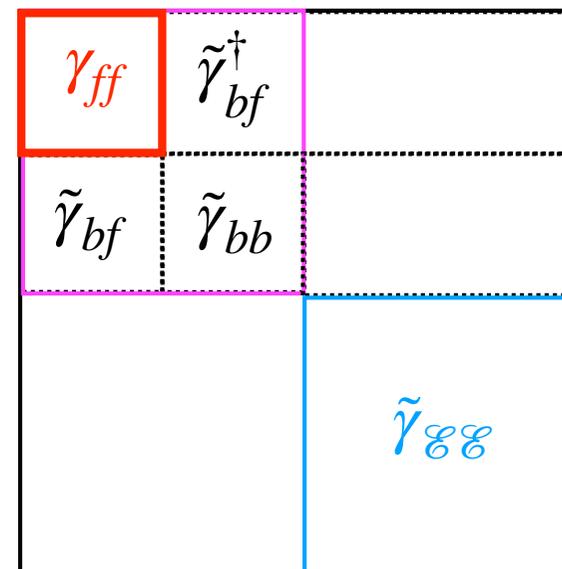
Non-interacting full system



**Idempotent**



Correlated cluster



**Non-idempotent**